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A Talk With Our Readers.

We intend to get in closer touch with our the million readers, and we shall have something to say to them in this column every month.

The editor of a daily newspaper or a ten or twenty-five cent monthly has a "soft snap" compared with the problem which faces the editor of Comfort. Fancy having to cater to the different tastes and wishes of one-fit-teenth of the whole population of the United States.

We get far more letters than the average editor, but we want more. We're not editing this paper to suit our own tastes, but to please you. Don't forget that. We are constantly trying new features, besides endeavoring to improve the old ones. But when we start a new department we can't tell whether you like it or not unless you write to us. If there is anything about the paper you don't care for, drop us a line and we'll leave it out. If you like our new continued stories why not say so? If you think we ought to have more pictures why not ask for them? If you don't see what you want ask for it.

COMFORT is growing all the time. We shall soon celebrate our fifteenth birthday. We are doing all we know how to improve the paper and to give you each month a better paper than the last. Our circulation is growing too. We are now aiming for the two million mark. There is no reason why we should not get there, but we can't do it without the help of each one of our present subscribers.

Did it ever occur to you that Comfort gave you right in your own home all the facilities of a visit to a large city? Look over our advertising columns and you will see how true this is. You will find advertised there almost anything that you could possibly need from youth to old age. If you are out of employment there are people who can give you work to do. If you are young and need education to fit you for work here are schools of instruction where you may learn. If you have recently married and are about to start up housekeening you will find advertised stoves, tea and dinner sets, organs for the parlor, sewing machines and buggies. If you are sick here are remedies which will make you well. Do you want to sell your farm? Here is a man who says he will buy it. No matter what your condition is in life or what your present needs may be they can be supplied

In Comfort's Columns.

In Swanson's Drops health may be found And Slocum does you good, White Oxien is a gracious boon That wins your gratitude.

And Ward throws open his big store, And Sears & Roebuck. too. And Sears & Roebuck, too.
With everything you need at home,
Whatever you may do.

There's hair for bald-heads to be found In Tonics and in Food, And eyesight for the blind to see, And ears for bad and good.

There's clothes and things for men and boys, There's dolls for little girls, And gowns for women, and as well, Fine diamonds, rings and pearls.

There's guns and watches, fountain pens, And dinner sets and teas, And pictures, music, books and Art, And plants and flowers and trees.

If one has Fits, they may be cured, Or headaches, or such ills, And all the Fat ones be made lean, And lean ones get their fills.

Read every advertisement through, Give each one its full share; You'll find good things in every one, And Comfort everywhere. When you have read your COMFORT, don't throw it away. Put it aside and keep it for reference. Every number has useful information on all sorts of subjects that you will be needing every day. When anybody asks you any question, field, house, farm, health, where to buy, manners, looks, fashions, cookery, or anything else, get out your COMFORTS and look them over, and you'll be pretty sure to find an answer. find an answer.

Ask your neighbors every now and then if Ask your heighnors every now and then he they have read that interesting story in COMFORT, and if they have not, tell them how much they have missed. They will want to borrow the paper, but tell them you are awfully sorry, but COMFORT is one of the things you cannot possibly let go out of the house.

Money doesn't always bring happiness, but twenty-five cents brings COMFORT for a whole

The Editor

Amusing Instructive.

Where Sun Rarely Shines.

The sun never sets on the British Empire—and it very rarely shines on the British Isles. "There has been only three days in this month," says the London Evening News, "on which rain has not fallen." On these three days it may be presumed it was snowing.

What Half a Cent Cost.

Two printed forms valued at half a cent were lost recently at Baku on the Trans-Caucasian Railway, and the stationmaster had telegrams sent to every station in the Russian Empire to ask if it had been seen anywhere. The company has since had to pay telegraph charges smounting to nearly \$10,000, and the over-zealous official is now out of employment.

Miles of Streets in New York.

There are 2,507 miles of streets in the City of New York. Macadam leads as paving material, nearly one-third of the total, but asphalted streets are increasing fast, and aggregate 247 miles in least the miles in length.

No Courting on Sunday.

The authorities of the Bethel Primitive Methodist Chapel, Burnley, England, passed a resolution in 1834, which reads: "That we do resolution in 1834, which reads: "That we do not allow young men and young women of our society to court with each other on Sunday; neither do we allow our single men and women to walk in the street together arm in arm at any time; neither do we allow them to stand at street corners chatting together." By another resolution the Chapel authorities forbade girl choristers wearing bows in their bonnets.

Five Days in Prison.

Because he kissed his sweetheart when say ing goodby to her in Auersburg railway station, a German actor has been sentenced to five days' imprisonment for "disorderly conduct."

A Pretty Kettle of Fish.

The official seal or crest of a certain English town named Kingston is three fishes. Last year's Mayor bore the name of Salmon, the Mayor for the current year is Mr. Finny, while it is confidently expected that the Mayor for next year will be Mr. Smelt. This is a pretty kettle of fish, and we may expect to see Kingston, in its desire to keep the pot boiling, angling for a Sprat, a Roach and a Pike for successive years. cessive years.

An Armless Marriage.

At Bordeaux, France, an armless athlete, who stands two feet, six inches in his stocking feet, is to wed an armless lady only four inches taller. She is, however, prepossessing, enjoys robust health, is said to be an excellent house-keeper, and can write, sew and knit with her

We Are Great Theatre-goers.

Who will say that theatre-going is not a tremendous business, when the people of the United States spent \$25,000,000 last year in doing it? Twenty-five millions is quite a tidy sum, but no more than 73,000,000 inhabitants should be able to afford.

Canada's Great Wheat Crop.

The work of harvesting Canada's record wheat crop has called a good many laborers from England. It is believed that 15,000 or 20,000 men have been induced to cross the sea, and take part in the reaping operations, extending from August to October, and the threshing of grain from October to December. The steamship and Canadian railway lines he steamship and Canadian railwa have arranged special passenger fares for harvest men, a large number of whom are expected to settle in the new country. To every such settler half his railway fare will be handed back as a bonus.

Nineteen Knots an Hour.

At St. Joseph's. Mich, last Sunday, nineteen couples who came by excursion boat from Chicago, were married by one Justice of the peace within fitty-five minutes. This is the first record we have of courtships attaining more than nineteen knots an hour.

A Governess Wanted.

A New York governess has sued her 9-year-old ward for \$50,000. The dear child knocked her down, jumped on her back and inflicted such injuries that she is now suffering from "hysteria, anastasia, abosia, paraphligia, dizzi-ness, partial paralysis, difficulty in speaking, intense emotion, irritability and general dis-tress." Land sakes!

Flower Girl's Romance.

According to the Berlin newspapers, an English engineer one evening gave a flower-girl in a well-known cafe a 20-mark piece in mistake for a 1-mark piece for some roses which he had

bought from her. Directly she noticed what had happened, the girl returned to the Englishman with 19 marks change. The evidence of honesty excited the visitor's interest in the flower girl, and the end of the story is that he fell in love with her, and has brought her to England as his wife. England as his wife.

What a Bullock Swallowed.

In the stomach of a bullock killed by a Suffolk (England) butcher, there were found nine-ty-nine pieces of brick, two nails, and a small piece of iron. One of the nails had pierced the stomach and was partly embedded in the fat. The whole of the brick was quite smooth, and some pieces were as large as a hearly egg. some pieces were as large as a hen's egg.

Fun and Philosophy

By Comfort's Own Fun-Maker.

September.

September is a pleasant month, With gentle Autumn skies, And faint and far off we may catch The smell of pumpkin pies.

You may look a gift horse in the mouth, but you shouldn't do so when the giver is looking at you.

A Careful Husband.

Mrs. Jones—(waking and shaking her husband)
"John, there's a burglar down stairs. I can hear
him moving around."
Mr. Jones—"Well. Maria, you run down and tell
him to go away, and I'll watch from the window up
here and see which way he takes so I can tell the
police."

When a woman gets so mad she can't talk, it is a serious case.

As the Twig is Bent.

A little strapping, now and then In childhood, makes the best of men.

A dollar in the pocket is worth two in the promise.

A Mercenary Maiden.

There was a young man from Nebraska Who found a gold mine in Alaska. His girl turned him down When he left the old town, But later she wished he would ask her.

A scolding woman is quite as unhappy as she makes everybody else.

The Boy's Idea.

Teacher—"Johnny, do you know where bad little boys go when they die?" Johnny—"Yes, ma'am, but I ain't going to die till I'm growed up."

If you keep busy trying to do the best you can you won't have much time to do poorly.

Too High-toned.

Mother—"What do you want to marry him for?
He's poorer than Job's turkey!"
Daughter—"But I love him, mamma, with all my
heart and soul and mind."
Mother—"Fudge, my child. Don't you know love
like that can't possibly live on nine dollars a
week?"

What Women Like.

He—"I love you, darling, more than words can atter."
She—"Utter them just the same Harm She-"Utter them just the same, Harry. I like to hear as much as I can."

By Other Fun Makers.

Dyspeptic Patron—See here! this coffee's cold. Waiter—Sure! This is a quick lunch joint. If the coffee was hot you wouldn't have time to drink it. —Catholic Standard and Times.

Press me closer, closer still,
With what fervor you can master.
All my nerves responsive thrill,
Press me closer, mustard plaster.
—N. Y. Herald.

Reuben—That thar stuck-up new postmaster is ryin' tew make folks believe he has no money. Hiram—How's that?
Reuben—Why, he sez he don't see no harm in 'rusts!
—Puck.

He gazed into her azure orbs,
As soft blue as the sky;
He was an oculist, and she
Had cinders in her eye.
—New York Herald.

Smith-Women are rapidly assuming all the pos-

Smith—What is as including the state of the

"Ah!" sighed the young widow, "no other man can ever fill poor John's place. I loved him from the bottom of my heart."
"Of course," rejoined the sympathetic friend, "hut you know there is always room at the top."
—Saxby's Magazine.

Clara—When George and I are married, I'm to have my own way in everything.
Dora—Guess you won't.
Clara—Indeed I will! That's the bargain. Don't you remember I told you he proposed to me in a rowboat, and asked if I'd float through life with him just that way?
Dora—Yes.

Dora—Yes.
Clara—Well, he was rowing, but I was steering.
—New York Weekly.

Lawyer—You say that you were walking behind this woman, could not distinguish her figure because of the cape she wore, saw nothing of her face, and yet knew that she was a very pretty woman. How do you account for that?

The Witness—Well, I could see the faces of the men coming towards me. —Saxby's Magazine.

Told by the Drummer.

A Country Dog.

HE New York drummer was sitting in front of the hotel in the country town, after his day's work of seeing customers was done, and he was talking to a party of men who were also taking it easy at the close of the day. On the side he was playing with a very lively and impetuous fox terrier belonging to the landlord.

"I like dogs," he said, "just because I like them. They are something on the order of a meal of victuals—very nice when you want it and no use on earth when you don't. All of which reminds me of a dog I met not long ago I had a day off in New York, where I live, and I went over for a ramble among the hills and valleys about Fort Lee, which is on the Jersey shore opposite to the upper part of the city. My wife went along to see that I got home safely, and as we wandered about aimlessly we were joined by a pretty little white dog about three months old, I should say. It was a most friendly dog, and after it had kept with us for quite a while we began to feel an interest in it and keep an eye out that it didn't get lost. It was quite at home along the country roads and in the woods, and only barked ance back to the top of the hill over-looking the river, we thought it was time for doggie to go home, but doggie wasn't so inclined and followed us to the ferry, by which time my wife had concluded that it would be cruel to turn the poor little thing adrift, and announced that she would take it home wither. It was all right in the ferry house and made friends right and left, for it was a bright one, and when the gates were opened and the crowd started for the boat, my wife picked it up and hustled with the rest. Then it was that the dog seemed to understand it was no longer in the country, and at sight of the rushing people, the wagons and the ferryboat, it set upa here in the dog the proper was and the ferryboat, it set upa here in the country, and at sight of the rushing people, the wagons and the ferryboat, it set upa here in the country wastered to the part wite soll theorets.

in the country, and at sight of the rushing people, the wagons and the ferryboat, it set ups barking that embarrassed my wife so I thought she would throw it overboard. The dog wasnit angry at all, only excited, and it was content to keep its place in my wife's arms and do its barking from there.

"It became quiet after a few minutes and I took it, when the boat had pulled out into the stream, and went forward with it. Its amazement at the broad stretch of water was most interesting to watch. It forgot all about people, horses and ferryboat and was intent only upon the water before it. It sniffed the fresh air like a sailor, perked up its cars and trembled all over with excitement, looking up into my fee at intervals as if it would be glad for me to tell it what it was all about. It watched our landing curiously, but did not bark at anything. On shoreagain, I put it down, and it ran slong with us to the street car, when my wife took it up and carried it aboard. It reached its nose out to see if I was next to her, and then it proceeded to bark again at every person who came into the ear, thinking no doubt that it was in its own house, our house, and these strangers had no business there. When the carstanted, it looked sround to me for explanation, and I patted it on the head to reasure it. The first time the conductor rang the bell to stop the car, the dog cocked its ears towerd the bell and barked at it. In the mean time it had stopped barking at people who came into the car, all this time it lay in my wife's lap making no struggle to get a way as might have been expected. It seemed to know who its own people were and was satisfied to stick right by them, but it must be allowed to make its own comments upon what was going on about I. By the time of vitality, and it came into the car, and it is only in the stream of the stream of the string and people, spenently having the time of vitality, and it came because it is most on the word of the word of the stream of the string and every now and then letting out a hal

could be expected, but it cannot go out unless it is chained, for it wants to chase everything on wheels, especially if the vehicle is going fast. wheels, especially if the vehicle is going An automobile on a spurt sets it on edge in a minute; and a fire-engine well, I guess it will never see one that it won't want to go to the fire. I used to think there wasn't much differ-

ence between a country dog and a town dog, so long as the beast had food and shelter, but I have changed my views on the subject."

Portraits and Paragraphs

of People Prominent in the Public Prints.

continues and has not lost prestige since its be-ginning in 1883. The present President of the Commission is Hon. John R. Proctor, a Ken-

15. Famous in good works to help the sick and wounded in time of war, and to take the lead in helping the afflicted in time of pestilence and suffering by great disasters, is Clara Barton, head of the Red Cross Society. Miss Barton has been prominent in this work for many years, and she has the prayers of all the world that she may remain as its good angel for many, many years to come.

16. No poet of any people has written verse that comes closer to the human heart of the everyday man and woman than has James Whitcomb Riley of Indiana, known as the "Hoosier Poet." Mr. Riley is about fifty years of age and in his youth went about the country as a traveling sign painter. He is one of the few poets whose poetry has made a living for him, and he richly deserves it.

17. In 1904 the Louisiana Purchase Exposition will be held in St. Louis, and a greater exhibition than any the world has ever seen is promised to those who visit the "Future Great" two years hence. Millions of money will be expended and the government as usual is putting up its share, or a little more. The President of the Exposition is ex-Governor David R. Francis of Missouri.

18. Very many readers of Comfort have read

the entertaining novels by Mrs. Alexander, such as "The Wooing O't," "The Crooked Path," and very many more during the past forty years, and they will be sorry to hear of her death. She was Mrs. Alexander Hector, born in Dublin, 1825, and died suddenly in London.

19, 20. Two American Generals well known

to all since the Spanish war and our Philippine operations are Generals John R. Brooke and Arthur MacArthur. Gen. Brooke has recently retired for age, and he has been succeeded by Gen. MacArthur, who will also retire before a great while. Sixty-two is the age limit, but officers may hold over two years.

21, 22. Very much in the public eye of all the world during a portion of the summer was Governor Tatt, representing the American government in its negotiations with the Pope concerning the removal of the friars from their places in the Philippines; and Cardinal Rampolla, the head of the Commission of Cardinals. Although the negotiations were not wholly successful owing to the opposition of the cardinals and others, the Pope favored the opposition made by Governor Taft. The matter remains unsettled but this government is firm in its determination to remove the friars.

23, 24. The most sensational and wide spread

23, 24. The most sensational and wide spread scandal of recent years was that attending the elopement of Captain P. B. Strong, son of the former Mayor Strong, of New York City, and May Yohe, an actress, and wife of Lord Francis Hope of England. Strong resigned his position in the regular army on his way to the Philippines, and with the woman they left San Francisco for Japan. Here they lived lavishly, and in April last they came back to New York, and recently Strong disappeared with \$150,000 worth of Miss Yohe's jewelry. His mother and family paid the loss on condition that Miss Yohe would not prosecute. In the meantime, Lord Hope secured a divorce.

25. All the world felt a personal loss when the news came that the famous campanile, or bell tower in the plaza of St. Mark's, Venice, had fallen in a heap after standing a thousand years. Everybody who saw Venice saw the famous tower, and nearly all the rest of the world had seen it in pictures. Offers to assist in rebuilding poured in, and among them came an offer of the great sum of \$100,000 from Giovanni Morosini, the New York banker, whose daughter some years ago acquired a national

daughter some years ago acquired a national reputation by eloping with her father's coachman. Mr. Morosini made the offer as a remem-

brance of the fact that he was born in Venice.

28. The last of the great "Bonanza Kings," John W. Mackay of New York and California, died in London, recently, of pneumonia after a short illness. Mr. Mackay was the type of what poor boys may do in America. Born in Ireland in 1831, he came to this country with his parents in 1840, and began work as a newsboy. Later he ran a small saloon in Louisville, Ky., and went to California in 1851, where he joined Flood and O'Brien, also saloon keepers. He then went to mining, often working as a laborer with pick and shovel, but at last struck it rich, and then went into many vast enterprises. He left a fortune estimated at eighty millions. His wife was one of the best known of American women in London and Paris,

MEN

1, 2. With not so much as a ripple on the surface, the Premiership of Great Britain recently passed from the hands of Lord Salisbury, who has held it since July 2, 1895, to those of his nephew, Arthur J. Balfour, leader of the House of Commons. With the exception of Lord Liverpool, Lord Salisbury had held the office longer than any other Premier for a hundred years. Mr. Balfour is fifty-four years of age, and his uncle is seventy-two.

3. This country, as well as others, was disposed to criticise very severely Gen. Jacob H. Smith of the U. S. Army in the Philippines, for his order to "kill, burn, and destroy" all natives fighting against the United States. His friends made many excuses for the order, which was not official, but he was brought before an examining commission, which recommended a reprimand. The President, however, for political or other reasons, viewed the matter more seriously and retired Gen. Smith.

4. The men who think the air may be navigated are never at rest, though none have ever mede any advance of a practical kind in solving the problem. The latest inventor to come forward with an air ship that is "warranted" to sail anywhere and settle the question, is John Schnepf, a New York mechanic, who has constructed an "aerial mobile" which he claims is a new idea and will be a success. In the meantime we should not wait for it if we want to go anywhere this year.

5. Another story has been set afloat that the anarchists of Paterson, N. J., headquarters for the red caps, have sent one of their number over to assassinate King Victor Emanuel of Italy, whose father was killed by Bresci, another of the Paterson gang.

6. One of the great Trust Magnates of this country is Clement A. Griscom of Philadelphia, President of the American Steamship Line, and associated with J. Pierpont Morgan in consolidating the merchant marine of the Atlantic Ocean. It is probable that these rich men will control all the trans-Atlantic business before many months.

7. One of the really great orators of this country, in which oratory is scarcer now than in the days of Webster and Clay, is W. Burke Cochran, of New York, former Congressman. Mr. Cochran has been delivering orations on several occasions lately, after some years of silence, and whenever he speaks thousands turn out to hear him. Mr. Cochran is a Democrat, and he is yet young and active enough to be a power in politics.

8. M. Herve Faye, one of the greatest of astronomers, known as the "Father of Astronomers," and Dean of the French Academy of Sciences, as well as its oldest member, died recently at Paris, at the age of eighty-eight. He was the head of the French Nautical Office and president of the official board of the Paris Observed of the P

9. John M. Burke, a merchant of New York City, celebrated his ninetieth birthday recently by giving four millions of dollars to establish a home for persons who had become impoverished by adversity. Mr. Burke had given a great deal to charity in addition, but he had done it all so quietly that it was not known. Even this great gift would have been kept quiet, but the trustees of the fund, named by Mr. Burke, thought best to make it public.

10. Hayti is one of those southern republics known as the "Black Republic," because it is controlled by negroes, who are always ready for a revolution. At last accounts the factions were drawn up in the streets of Port au Prince, prepared for battle. The partisans of Gen. Firmin are attempting to get the government from the provisional president and his party.

11. A famous character in New York City died there recently. He was Christopher Robert Forbes, who for many years had the honor of annually raising the Stars and Stripes at Battery Park on Evacuation Day, Fourth of July and Washington's Birthday. Mr. Forbes was a letter carrier at first, but later became a guard on the Elevated Railway. Mr. Forbes was deprived of the honor of flag raiser in 1896, by the Society of the War of 1812, and the act changed his whole life and he brooded over it until his death.

12, 13. Two very important persons in the politics of this country are Senator James K. Jones of Arkansas, Chairman National Democratic Committee, and Senator Hanna, Chairman of the Republican Committee. Each has made a public statement of political conditions, Chairman Jones saving his party has opportu-

Chairman Jones saying his party has opportunities to make gains in the West, and Chairman Hauna saying that there will be a safe and sure election of a Republican House of Representatives. The fall elections will tell which is the better guesser.

uncle is seventy-two.

to go anywhere this year.

WOMEN

prosperous days.

spending millions on entertainments and jewels. His fortune goes to his wife and son, Clarence, as he had no other children living. It is said his charities amounted to a quarter of a million dollars yearly. His good luck had not spoiled him, and he was a plain man, never forgetting the friends of his earlier and less

27. A Congressman who has come prominently before the public within a short time is the Hon. Charles E. Littlefield, successor to Mr. Dingley, who became famous for the Dingley Tariff. Mr. Littlefield's latest prominence is his selection by President Roosevelt to represent the administration in its fight against the Trusts. Mr. Littlefield is a lawyer, a man of family, does not use liquor or tobacco, and is fifty-four years of age.

28. America is not the only country where poor boys can rise to the highest places, although it may be easier to do so here than elsewhere. Richard J. Seddon, the new Premier of New Zealand, a British colony in the South Pacific, was a poor farmer in England, who went to Australia, working in the mines, thence to New Zealand where he rose to be Premier. He is a strong man of great natural ability, but uneducated and rough in his manners.

29. The successor in the United States Senate to Senator James K. Jones of Arkansas, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, is James P. Clarke, who is a "fighter from Wayback." Mr. Clarke, though but forty-eight, has been Governor of the state and has held other offices. He is a Democrat and made his fight against the political rings of his state.

30. The new Governor General of Australia is Lord Tennyson, son of the Poet Laureate Tennyson, the greatest of modern English poets. Lord Tennyson succeeded Lord Hopetoun, who resigned because the salary \$50,000 a year was not sufficient to maintain the dignity of such a court as he is compelled to have. Lord Tennyson is no richer than was Lord Hopetoun and he will probably resign after trying it awhile.

31. The military forces of our nearest neighbor on the north, Canada, are not very large, as indeed our own are not, but they have a Commander in Chief, and the latest appointment to the position is Major General the Earl of Dundonald, who comes over from England. General Dundonald is fifty years of age, a soldier of great distinction, and his appointment is a high compliment to the people of Canada, who have long urged their right to have distinguished men appointed to posts in the colony.

32. Japan has a J. Pierpont Morgan, who is almost as rich and as powerful as our American millionaire, who has been buying up nearly all the loose portions of the earth. The Japan millionaire is Baron Shibusawa, who is now paying a visit to the United States to study financial conditions here. His picture shows a strong face, with few of the Japanese characteristics.

33. Bozo Gacina is a Dalmatian boy who ought some day to be a famous American citizen. He was so anxious to come to this country that he stole his way for 12,000 miles, the last three thousand being in an empty boller of a "donkey" engine on the steamship Umbria. As a stowaway the little chap staid in his hiding place for a week, fed by friendly stokers who had found him. He was caught before leaving the ship at New York, however, and would have been sent back, as he had been once before, but some good American heard of his case and went on his bond, he believing that such a boy would make a good citizen.

34,35. King Albert, the old King of Saxony, having died at the age of 78, he is succeeded by his brother Prince George, who is seventy. King Albert had no children. King George's son, Frederick Augustus, will succeed him at his death. King Albert was a fine old gentleman, and a Catholic, while the great majority of his subjects are Protestants, but he was very popular and the greatest harmony between King and people always existed.

36. A very pretty actress known to theatregoers in this country was Miss Irene Perry, but she is no longer Miss Perry, for, much to the surprise of all her acquaintances outside and inside theatre circles, she recently became the wife of Harvey Wilson Bell, son of Bishop Bell of North Carolina. Although Miss Perry was popular as an actress and made a hit in a new play, she will retire from the stage. The wedding took place in Boston.

37. The wife of Hon. William B. Ridgeley,

37. The wife of Hon. William B. Ridgeley, Comptroller of the Currency, died at the Johns-Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, after undergoing an operation for appendicitis. She was supposed to be improving after the operation, but took a sudden turn for the worse and died in a few hours. Mrs. Ridgeley was a daughter of Senator Cullom of Illinois, and was prominent in social circles in Washington and in her own state.

the colony.

















































Giovanni Morosini.























Miss Irene Perry.



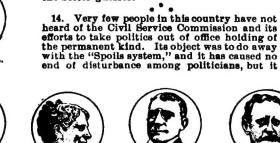












until his death.









DOMESTIC @ **FANCY COOKING**

BY CHRISTINE TERHUNE HERRICK,

NOTE BY THE EDITOR—In conducting this department Mrs. Herrick would be pleased to answer any questions that our readers may ask. It is her desire to please all "COMFORT" readers and in order to find out your likes and dislikes can't you write and ask a few questions. By so doing you may give us some hint or suggestion as to how this Household Department should be conducted to suit the greatest number of our readers. Mrs. Herrick's mother, MAR10N HARLAND, has made herself famous by her rare judgment in household matters, and her daughter is equally gifted in this connection. Address all letters Christine Terhune Herrick, care COMFORT, Augusta Maine.

Common Sense Preserving.



HEN I use the word preserving, I do not mean to confine myself to the "pound for pound" putting up of our grandmothers. That was the meaning connected with the word once upon a time. I mean it here to include any meth-

time. I mean it here to include any methods of putting up fruits to keep them, whether this be converting them into jams or jellies or pickles or sweet conserves. Each process has its own peculiarities but there are a few general principles that apply to all.

Probably no woman with a true housekeeping spirit and a garden or orchard besides who does not feel a desire to turn the kindly fruits of the earth into some compound that will does not feel a desire to turn the kindly fruits of the earth into some compound that will enable her to keep them through the winter. Many women take it as a matter of course that they should can certain fruits and vegetables for cold weather consumption. Canned goods of all sorts and degrees of excellence are so cheap that it hardly pays to put them up if one has to purchase materials. But when there is a garden at command, it is well worth while to can vegetables of several varieties, and berries, and other fruit for pies and tarts and stewed fruit later on.

ries, and other fruit for pies and tarts and stewed fruit later on.

Even if one questions the wisdom of canning under some circumstances, there can be no debate as to the sense and economy of doing one's own pickling and preserving or of putting up one's own jellies and jams. The thrifty housewife has not waited until now to show her faith by her works but has already a good supply of currant and crab apple jelly as well as of berry jams. Now perhaps she may be hesitating a little as to what she will do about later provisions. Her cucumbers are already in the pickle and it may be she has pickle of melon rind well under way. What else shall she do?

There are several other possibilities ahead of her. One is a conserve of peaches that is less expensive than the old-fashioned preserves, and yet more palatable than the plain canned peaches, which are seldom very good to the taste unless they are doctored a bit after they are taken from the can. She may make a conserve of pears in the same way, and although these may lack the distinctive flavor of the peaches, they may yet, by wise flavoring, be made almost as good.

Then the housekeeper may use the grapes

made almost as good.

Then the housekeeper may use the grapes that are plenty late in the fall, just before frost, in two or three rather unusual ways. Every one likes grape jelly, which is second only to currant in its value for seasoning and as an accompaniment to meats. But every one is not so familiar with spiced grapes and with grape marmalade, although these are well worth knowing.

grape marmalade, although these are well worth knowing.

A use that is none too common may be made of the superabundance of apples that prevails on almost every farm, by canning them. This canning is not done in quite the usual fashion and the product is a delicious sweet that answers for a dessert at dinner or supper.

Before beginning upon her business of putting up, the housekeeper must, of course, be



PEACH CONSERVES.

sure that she has all that she needs in the house. I ought perhaps to apologize for insulting the intelligence of my readers by intimating the possibility of their neglecting such a measure. But the wisest housekeepers are caught napping sometimes, and I have known even those with a good store of experience to forget until too late to make sure that all the glass jars they counted upon using were furnished with tops and fresh rubber rings, that the sugar barrel was not too low, that the store of spices had been replenished or that the sharp knives to be used in peeling fruit needed a turn on the grindstone or a rub on the whetstone.

None of these precautions should be over-looked. When everything else is in order the housekeeper must resolve that her temper will keep in the same strain. Putting up fruit is never easy or cool work and the person undertaking it should spare herself as much as nossinever easy or cool work and the person undertaking it should spare herself as much as possible. The fruit should be prepared in the coolest corner attainable and the worker should sit whenever she can. There will be plenty of standing that she will not be able to avoid. Moreover, she should try to choose a day for her putting up when the other work of the house will be comparatively light. This is one of the occasions when there should be cold meat for dinner and when all the cookery of any sort except that of the fruit should be put aside as far as can be. side as far as can be.



lie in the sugar a n u m ber of hours before cooking it may be advisable to be peeled the night before. The peaches must be pared and halved and the stones removed. Then the fruit is put in layers in bowls or dishes and each layer is covered with sugar, to draw out the juice. In this state they should be left from six to eight hours. The shorter period is enough, but the longer time will do no harm.

period is enough, but the longer time will do no harm.

When the housekeeper is ready to begin the work of cooking she should turn the juice and sugar from the fruit and put both over the fire in a preserving kettle. Here they must come to the boil and simmer for ten minutes afterwards and then she may drop in the fruit. This checks the boil and after this is resumed the peaches may boil ten minutes. Then they are to be taken out with a strainer and put into glass jars set in a pan of scalding water at one side of the stove. They must be kept at this heat while the syrup in the pot is boiled down thick, a process that will require about fifteen minutes. It is then ready to be poured in upon the fruit and the jars are at once sealed.

when pear conserves are made, lemon juice and green ginger must be added to the syrup until the flavor is very perceptible. It will then affect the taste of the fruit on which it is

poured.

Grape jelly is made like any other jelly, the fruit being put into a kettle or stone crock over the fire and cooked until soft, the juice squeezed out and measured and a pound of granulated sugar allowed for each pint of the juice. The juice is then put back on the stove, brought to a quick boil and cooked for twenty minutes, skimmed and the sugar added. After the boil is resumed the jelly need cook but one minute before it is taken off and put into the glasses.

minutes, skimmed and the sugar added. After the boil is resumed the jelly need cook but one minute before it is taken off and put into the glasses.

For the spiced grapes there is very little more work although there are more ingredients. The grapes must be weighed and it is well to stem them. Three quarters of a pound of sugar must be allowed for every pound of grapes. To every five pounds of the fruit must be allotted a pint of vinegar and two tablespoonfuls each of ground cloves and cinnamon. The grapes should be pulped before cooking. Some persons seed them as well, but this is not necessary if the fruit is rubbed through the colander afterwards. Put all the ingredients over the fire together, bring to a boil, cook half an hour, rub through the colander or through a vegetable press and put into jelly glasses with tightly fitting tops.

To make grape marmalade, the grapes must be picked over and stemmed. They must be put over the fire and cooked for half an hour after they reach the boil and the fruit then put through the vegetable press. There will be a good deal more juice than is needed and this may be made into jelly. The pulp should be weighed and if the grapes are not very sweet, sugar may be added in proportion of three quarters of a pound of this to every pound of the fruit. Fruit and sugar should boil together for half an hour before taking the marmalade from the fire and putting it into pint jars with air tight tops.

Juicy, well-flavored apples, a little tart, should be used for the canned apples. They must be peeled, cored and quartered and each piece must be dropped into cold water at once. When all is prepared, they should be drained, weighed and put over the fire in a preserving kettle. Half a pound of sugar should be allowed for each pound of sugar should be allowed for each pound of the fruit and this should be added after the fruit has been boiled slowly for half an hour. It is wise to dip out a part of the juice before putting in the sugar. This juice, like that from the grapes, may be mad

nswers to Correspondents.

Answers to Correspondents.

J. H. Gravenhurst.—Utensils made of aluminum are lighter and cleaner than those of any other metal. Their contents heat more quickly than those of other vessels and on this account there is sometimes risk of burning. Aluminum is generally highly esteemed by domestic specialists.

To make bouillon, cover three pounds of chopped, lean beaf with three pints of cold water. Put in with it an onion, a stalk of celery and a bay leaf, reduce to one quart of liquid by boiling. Add two teaspoonfuls of salt and set aside to cool. When cold, strain and clear with crushed shell and white of egg. Bring the bouillon to a boil with this in it, skim and strain. When needed, add pepper as desired. A recipe for home made bread was given in the August number.

S. S., Thurman, Col.—To can corn, remove the husks and silk, cut the kernels from the cob and pack in glass jars. Press the corn down tightly, using a potato-beetle to cram the corn into the jar. Fill these nearly to the brim. Have ready a large kettle in which you have laid a rack across the bottom. Place a folded cloth on this and on this cloth set the filled jars, uncovered. Pour warm water about them and bring it to a boil. Cook two hours. Fill one jar from another as the corn shrinks. Put the covers on the jars and tighten them again after the corn is cold. Your trouble with both the corn and the tomatoes is due either to your not having cooked them long enough or to the jars having been imperfectly sealed. Defective rubbers may be at fault. These rubbers should never be used a second year. If these directions fail, let me hear from you again.

Mrs. A. C., Carbon, Ind.—The recipe for canning corn has been given above to S. S.

Mrs. A. C., Carbon, Ind.—The recipe for canning orn has been given above to S. S. Mrs. C. S.. Dahomey, Miss.—Recipes for preserving were given in the August issue of Comport.

Three dollars a day sure. Without a doubt a great op-portunity. For particulars see last page of this paper.

The Cascade Grade Problem.

WRITTEN FOR COMFORT BY F. E. BURNHAM.

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HE engineer of the Eastern freight exceeded the fifteen-mile-an-hour limit which the Company had set for the down freight over the twelve mile grade between Cascade and Leadville, and the result was a call over the carpet be-fore the superintend-

fore the sup-ent.
"Do not let it occur again," said the offi-cial, decidedly, "the speed indicator must not show a higher rate not show a higher rate than fifteen miles an hour on the down trip;

hour on the down trip; this regulation must be lived up to, or you will have to step out." The Cascade Grade was the longest and heaviest on the road, and fearing lest an accident occur and the

train hands lose con-trol of the freight, the engineer had been re-stricted to the above running time, though stricted to the above running time, though lighter trains were exempt from the regulation. John Webber, the engineer of the freight, was in a quandary; to hold the train down to the four minute rate was next thing to an impossibility, and to fail to do so meant discharge. The night following his reprimand from the superintendent, however, an inspiration came to Webber, he immediately carried it out.

Within the caboose at the rear end of the train was a contrivance called a speed indicator; this was connected with the rear wheels of

Within the caboose at the rear end of the train was a contrivance called a speed indicator; this was connected with the rear wheels of the caboose in such a way as to punch a hole in a long tape with each revolution, and the faster the wheels turned, the closer were these holes punched in the tape, and so perfectly was the machine adjusted that the speed of the car could be told almost to a second.

Engineer Webber's plan was to cut the caboose loose from the rest of the train when the long freight reached the summit of the grade, and flying down the incline at a forty or fifty mile an hour rate, stop at the foot of the grade for the caboose to catch up, a brakeman managing the brake, easily holding the car down to the regulation speed of one mile in four minutes. This might go on for years and no word reach the superintendent's ears, and as there was everything to gain and nothing to lose, for he was sure to lose his place if he attempted to hold the entire train, an impossibility except under the most favorable circumstances, the engineer did not hesitate to carry out this daring solution of the problem, which half a dozen engineers had failed to see, and failing to hold the train, had lost their positions.

Weeks passed and all ran smoothly no accident occurred and the train crew congratulated each other over the easy disposal of that which had been the most arduous of the day's work. As for the superintendent, he smiled as he examined the tape from time to time, pleased that his decisive words with the engineer had sufficed to bring about the desired effect.

In the employ of the road, however, was an engineer, Henderson by name, who ran the night mail, one of the best equipped trains on the road. Between Webber and this man there was some misunderstanding, and Henderson, learning of the manner in which the Cascade Grade was being disposed of, thought to throw down Webber by reporting it to the superintendent been less keenly alive to the humorous side of the freight, wondering the while what Webber son had

guess," said the superintendent, looking sharply at the engineer,
"No, I'm afraid it isn't," replied the engineer,
a ghost of a smile playing about his lips, "she
does it occasionally."
"A habit, eh?" queried the superintendent.
Suddenly the official caught hold of Webber's arm and pointed up the track to a dark
object more than a mile away.
"There's your caboose," he said, "coming at
regulation speed—fifteen miles an hour."
That night Webber of the freight and Henderson of the mail were summoned to the superin-

That night Webber of the freight and Henderson of the mail were summoned to the superintendent's office, the former expecting discharge, the latter chuckling over the prospective downfall of Webber.

The superintendent looked up from his writing as the men entered, both coming precisely the time set by the official, and requested them to be seated.

"The Company appreciates employees of ready wit," said the superintendent, coming to the point at once, and is always ready to recognize such, be the man wiper or engineer. I have seen fit to make a change in two instances. Mr. Webber, consider yourself engineer of the night mail, going on duty tonight."

Henderson was on his feet in an instant, turning fairly black in the face. He attempted to protest, but his words choked him.

"We desire careful men, those willing to work hard to obey the Company's regulations," continued the superintendent, turning to Henderson, "consider yourself engineer of the Eastern freight; your duties will commence with the morrow. Do not forget this point, however, "the caboose must not be detached from the rest of the train."



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Love, the Sleuth.

Hearts vs. Detectives in the "Great Purinton Mill Mystery."

BY HOLMAN F. DAY.

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SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

[Caleb Brett, an aged and prominent citizen of Mansfield village, drew a considerable sum of money from the bank on a certain forenoon, and was seen to enter Purinton's mill on the edge of the village. He did not reappear, and later a searching party found his old beaver hat on a slab pile at the foot of a sluice leading from the upper part of the mill, where he had entered. It was considered probable that the old man had come to his death by falling down the sluice. The strange part of the affair was that the body had been removed by persons unknown—admitting the presumption that he was really dead. Several persons were in the mill at or near the time he was seen to enter: his nephew, George Brett, with whom he had been having trouble about the young man's proposed marriage to a girl below him in social standing; Arthur Wing, the village printer and suitor of the squire's grand-daughter, a young man obnoxious to the squire's pand-daughter, a young man obnoxious to the squire's prand-daughter, a young man obnoxious to the squire's mill to borrow a large sum from the old man that day. After some weeks both George Brett and Arthur Wing were arrested on suspicion of having been concerned in the old man's taking off. Brett was released on small bonds after certain testimony seemed to throw the burden of the matter upon Wing. At the hearing granted to Wing before a local trail justice, a small boy brought in a message signed by Caleb Brett, apparently, but written by another hand. In the note—admitting that he wrote it—he declared that he was still alive.]

CHAPTER V.

EAVING the audience in the court room to buzz their excitement over the missive so sensationally interjected into this strange case, the justice, the county attorney and the detectives retired to an ante-room to examine the scrap of writ-

"It's the squire's signature, ain't it?" the jus-"It's the squire's signature, ain't it?" the justice asked of the treasurer of the savings bank.
"It certainly is," replied that gentleman, who was better qualified than any other in the village to pronounce on such a matter.
"Do you gentlemen have the least idea the squire really is alive?" inquired the justice, pushing up his glasses after a second prolonged scrutiny of the note.

Detective Ordwell held the scrap of paper at the time. He said after a short pause:

Detective Ordwell held the scrap of paper at the time. He said after a short pause:

"Probably all of you have noted the same things about this paper that I have. Its top is uneven, showing that it has been seissored from the bottom of a larger sheet. The writing is crowded together above the signature showing that the writing has been adjusted to the signature rather than the reverse. The signature must have been on the paper when the person who penned the note commenced to write. What sort of a paper was that signature affixed to, should you say, Mr. Treasurer?"

"It looks to me as though that was the bottom of a blank lease. I have known that the squire carried several about in his pocket-book. He usually signed them in the bank so that he

He usually signed them in the bank so that he could use his quill pen on them and left the rest to be filled in later."

"Therefore the chances are that the person who got the pocket-book from the body of the squire found this paper and has employed this subterfuge of the note," said Ordwell.

"That's it," replied the justice. "And it must have been some one interested for Arthur Wing."

"That's it," replied the justice. "And it must have been some one interested for Arthur Wing."

"I would like to suggest that this might not necessarily follow," said Detective Ordwell. "The guilty man himself probably wrote that note. Most men who are willing to commit murder shrink from seeing an innocent man suffer in their stead."

"It seems to me," broke in one of the state detectives, "that the chances are that the Wing crowd did this trick. Look at the testimony that has been brought out here today! A paper known to have been in old Brett's pocketbook has been found on the floor of Arthur Wing's office. He has passed into the bank a mended bill that the treasurer had patched up a few days before for the squire. And now, here a note comes in, written on another piece of paper that must have been in the squire's possession the day he was killed. I figure that it all points toward Wing."

"I shall certainly go back into court," said the county attorney, "and demand that Arthur Wing be held for the grand jury. I think the case demands it."

"I am not here as an advocate of Arthur Wing." said Detective Ordwell, "but I desire."

"I am not here as an advocate of Arthur Wing," said Detective Ordwell, "but I desire to draw the attention of the court to the fact to draw the attention of the court to the fact that all the evidence against the young man to this point is purely circumstantial. To be sure it links together after a fashion, but it is very inconclusive. The Mirror office is a public place and who may say what person dropped the paper there? Bank bills circulate through many hands in a few days. That note there may, of course, have been written on the bottom of one of the blank leases that the squire had on his person that day. But there are numbers of signed leases in various hands about town."

about town."

The weight of numbers, however, was against the detective. Furthermore, it was well understood that being engaged by the Erskine family he might be expected to be interested in their defence of Arthur Wing.

"I'll allow it isn't clear yet, one way or the other," admitted the justice, "but we seem to have hold of one end of the thread, and it's my opinion that we ought to keep pulling on it. It's better for Arthur Wing to have all this threshed out in court than to go along with all these stories and suspicions dogging after him."

He went back into the court room with his

these stories and suspicions dogging after him."

He went back into the court room with his little retinue, and after a whispered conference with the county attorney announced his decision, first making an explanation of the motives governing him. He stated to the crowd that the note purporting to come from the squire, was, in the minds of the officers concerned in the case, a rank imposture, but that it perhaps would lead to future developments. He said that he desired to bring no hardship upon anyone, but that after all these weeks of doubt and suspicion it was best to bring matters to a head, and let the law sift the evidence in court and under oath. Therefore he stated that he felt it best to hold Arthur Wing for trial, and he should be obliged to set the bonds at twenty thousand dollars on account of the serious nature of the charge.

Something like a gasp in chorus ran over the audience, and Arthur Wing arose and was about to speak. But the justice not unkindly

advised him to say nothing, telling him that henceforth he must be guarded in his utterances. Court was then adjourned.

Meander Wing, his voice trembling with a father's solicitude and his face drawn with grief, canvassed the town for bondsmen. But the citizens were frightened at recent developments and hintly or shamefacedly refused. opments and bluntly or shamefacedly refused

Sheriff Pettingill obligingly held his prisoner

Sheriff Pettingill obligingly held his prisoner at the village hotel for twenty-four hours, hoping that the father would secure the bonds. But at noon he reluctantly told Meander that he must perform his duty. There was no prospect that bondsmen could be secured.

"I thought we had friends in this town, bub," said the old man as he sat in the bare little room at the hotel and rolled his hat in his hands, "but it don't look like it now. Cheer up, bub. Because you are over there in jail for a while doesn't signify that you belong there. As sure as God is in Heaven I'll find some way to get you out." He pressed Arthur's fingers with a shaking hand and hurried away before his son should see the tears that

thur's fingers with a shaking hand and nurried away before his son should see the tears that were running down over his wrinkled cheeks.

A half hour before Arthur Wing started with the sheriff for the county jail Grace Erskine called at the hotel. No one knew what passed between them, but the crowd that stood about the door when Wing stepped into the sheriff's team noticed that the young man's face wore new serenity.

new serenity.

"It's pretty hard work to believe that he done it," commented one of the loungers after the team had rattled away.

"Human physogs are the most deceivin' the most deceiving the most deceiv

the team had rattled away.

"Human physogs are the most deceivin' things in this world," said Jason Dustin, the deputy sheriff. "You jest wait till this thing is all out and then see!"

"But jest notice how the Erskines are standin' behind him," objected the other. "They wouldn't be backin' up a man they thought had murdered their nearest relative, would they?"

had murdered their nearest relative, would they?"

"When ye come to wimmen's notions and prop'ty troubles 'tween the Erskines and George Brett, there hain't no tellin' what wimmen will do," was Jason's pessimistic reply. The two state detectives and their ally the reporter for the Daily Mail had suspiciously noted the fact that the elder Wing was not in the court room at the time of the hearing. In their minds they had promptly connected him with that mysterious missive that had been brought to the justice. As soon as court was adjourned they searched for the boy that had been before them and was leading the urchin down Water street in the direction of the woods in which the boy averred he had received the letter.

letter.

"What's your name?" asked the detective.

"Chester Higgins."

"Where do you live?"

"Down on the bay shore, there beyond Purinton's mill."

"How did you happen to be in the woods."

"How did you happen to be in the woods

"How did you happen to be in the woods today?"

"Been clammin' over 'crost the Neck and was comin' home."

"How far is it to the place where the man gave you that paper?"

"Oh, a mile or tew mile or suthin' like that."

"Now I want you to go and show the place."
But the boy hung back rather surilly and looked stubbornly at the ground. "Oh, I'll pay you for the trip," the detective added.

"Wal, that's bus'ness" said the boy. As they walked along, the officer noted that despite his rags and bare feet, the boy had much intelligence in his weazened little face and that his eyes were coldly blue and shrewd.

"Pa lives down there," exclaimed the boy listlessly as they entered the scrubby pines. He pointed to a weather beaten cottage down across the rocky pasture at the edge of the water.

"What does your father do?" the detective

"What does your father do?" the detective

asked.
"Oh, he lobsters and clams and hand-lines and picks up wood and drinks rum. Mother says if he'd stick to his other jobs as stiddy as he does to drinkin' rum we'd git to be well off in no time. But I like Pa. He uses me well. If I didn't like him he'd lick me till I did."

The two traversed a path leading through scrubby hemlocks until the boy paused and after looking around a little while said:
"I reckin it was about here that I got the let-

"Are you sure it was here?"
"Wal, it was about here somewhere."

"Wal, it was about here somewhere."
"You ought to be able to remember back two
hours better than that." The detective's tone
was suspicious and the boy appeared to note
the fact. He hastened to say. "These places
along here look a good deal alike, mister, and I wasn't paying no partic'lar notice. I wasn't reckinin' I'd be yanked up here and asked all kinds of questions."

The detective seated himself and commenced to examine the boy in regard to the personal appearance of the man. But the urchin was vague. He would only say that the man was tallish and wore a false beard that was hitched under his chin by a string that went around his ears.

his ears.
"What sort of clothes did he wear."

"Don't know

"You bet," said the boy with emphasis.

"You bet," said the boy with emphasis.
"I've read a grist of stories about them fellers."
The officer started back along the wood road in the direction of Purinton's mill. "Come along," he said "and we'll talk it over."
When they crossed the dam the officer felt that he had won the boy's confidence. They paused at the fence opposite the big door of the mill and the detective leaned against it carelessly with his eye on the entrance. But he kept on talking with the boy. Daniel Purinton came to the door at last, tugging a sack of meal that he threw into a farmer's waiting wagon. When Purinton straightened up Ordwell murmured to the boy in low tones, "Take a good look at the man there. Suppose he had those false whiskers on his face. Would he look any like the man that you saw in the woods?"
The boy stole a quick glance at the face of the detective. "Of course you understand, mister, that a feller can't be very sure about a matter of that sort but I really do think that if ye should put whiskers on that man there he'd look jest like the man that passed me that letter to carry."

"You are as sure about that as you can be?" the detective demanded.

"Yes, sir,"and the youth looked with great candor into the eyes of his interrogator.

"Now, bub, other persons will ask you some such questions as that but I want you to promise me that you will bluff them. Remember that you and I are two detectives working on this

ise me that you will bluff them. Remember that you and I are two detectives working on this case together and we don't want to let other

people in. Do you think you can bluff."
"I hain't tried very much," said the boy
with a rather strange expression on his face,
"but I reckin I can."
"Here's a dollar for your first fee," said

"Here's a dollar for your first fee," said Ordwell "and now look out how you answer

questions."
"Yes sir!

regressions."

"Yes sir!" and the boy slipped down over the bank and hastened off along the shore towards his home.

"That boy looks to be about forty years old every once in a while," mused the officer as he went on toward the village.

Carter, the shorter of the two state detectives, was posted in the window of Hawkes's store when Ordwell, his rival, parted from the boy. He had been awaiting their return. After Ordwell was safely past the store Carter hurried after the boy. But the youngster was then in an old dory pulling away along the shore toward a house Carter knew through Hawkes to be the domicile of "Rubber-boot" Hawkes to be the domicile of "Rubber-boot"

Higgins.

The detective was obliged to pick his way through the rock-strewn pasture. He saw Higgins and his son sitting behind the wood-pile, deeply engrossed in conversation. "Rub-ber-boot Higgins," who was called thus on ac-count of the unvarying nature of his foot gear, was a tall shambling man of the general no'-

"I have called to have a little talk with the boy about that business of the letter," com-

menced Carter.

"Yas, queer thing that," replied Higgins, scraping his rubber boots together to remove some mud. "Boy and I have just been talkin' it over. He don't know northin' but what he has said." "I'd like to ask him a few questions.

"Boy says he don't know northin' about the hing," persisted the father.

"Boy says he don't know northin' about the thing," persisted the father.

"What did the man look like?"

"Boy says he was tallish but he didn't notice northin' beyond that," broke in Higgins.

"Say, look here," snapped the detective, "I'm asking this boy about the matter. Wouldn't it be just as well to let him answer the questions himself?"

"Wal, he's my boy," growled Higgins.

"Yes, and I'm a state detective and I'll make trouble for you if you interfere with me in my duty," replied Carter. Higgins winced and went to whittling with much vigor. When the detective finally induced the boy to go back to the village with him the father made no protest audibly, though his looks were sufficiently ferocious. He simply threw this comment after the detective:

ment after the detective:
"Seems's if you are makin' a good deal of touse over ole Cale Brett. Why don't ye let him rest?"

Carter took the youth directly to the side-walk opposite the *Mirror* office and waited un-til Meander Wing came shambling out. "Look at that man—look hard," murmured

the officer.

"Are you reminded of anything?" the detective asked at last.
"You mean about the letter—the man up in the woods?" the boy inquired.

"Yes, that's it."
"Wal-come to think—ye know a fellow can't be sure—but——"
"If that man had on those false whiskers—now think hard!"

"Wal, I vum, mister, now that you speak of it he seems to be jest about the same kind of

man."
"Do you know who he is?"
"Oh, yes, that's old Wing the printer. Ye reckin he was tryin' to get Arthur out of the scrape, don't ye?" The boy threw a keen look at Carter. The detective held the boy by the arm. "Have you been talking old man Wing over with that detective I saw you with a little while ago?"
"His name was never spoken at all, mister. Never talked about him."
"Now, bub, if you'll stick it out and bluff that Ordwell—Can you bluff?"
"A little, I reckin," said the youngster modestly.

"A little, I reckin," said the youngster modestly.

"Well, you bluff Ordwell and there'll be a good thing in it for you. Now run home and mind your eye."

That evening after pondering long as to how much confidence he should place in the identification of the Higgins boy, Detective Ordwell decided to have a talk with Meander Wing.

Rather bluntly the detective asked the father why he had not been present at the hearing in the forenoon.

why he had not been present at the hearing in the forenoon.

"I did start for the court room" the old man said piteously, "but I didn't have the heart to go in. I knew they would ask the boy where he got that money and if he wouldn't tell me I knew he wouldn't tell them. I couldn't bear to be there and hear them tear at him. I went down in the pasture by the shore and staid till it was over. But now that Grace Erskine has told about the money," he said, regarding the officer wistfully, "I don't see that they have much to hold him on."

"It's the marked money and the paper they

much to hold him on."
"It's the marked money and the paper they found in the office," explained Ordwell.
"Yes, but they might have been through other hands before they got to my son," cried the old man with some display of spirit.
"And there the thing hinges," said the detective quietly. "What sort of a man is Daniel Purinton," he asked with his characteristic bluntness. bluntness

bluntness.

Wing didn't seem to grasp the full meaning of the detective's inquiry.

"Daniel is a square man in bus'ness dealin's," said Wing. "He 'tends to his own bus'ness and asks other people to 'tend to theirs."

"For instance, he will not admit where he got the money to pay for the repairs on the mill," suggested the detective.

"That's more or less like Daniel," admitted Wing. "He's sort of bull-headed and set in his ways."

"Has he been in your office since the squire

Wing. "He's sort of bull-headed and set in his ways."
"Has he been in your office since the squire disappeared?"
"Oh, yes; he has more or less business—advertising and job-work."
"He has paid money to you or to Arthur?"
"Yes, I'm quite sure that he has within the last few weeks. The office books will show it, anyway."
"And of course he had his pocket-book out?"
"Yes."
"I don't suppose you or Arthur ever no-

"Yes."
"I don't suppose you or Arthur ever noticed that he dropped anything on the floor?"
"No, oh, no." Wing attempted to interject surprised inquiry but the detective kept on.
"Have you got specimens of Daniel Purinton's handwriting at your office?"

"Yes."

"Well, I'll be around to see you tomorrow morning. In the meantime be very careful about saying anything about what we have been discussing,"

"I'll not say anything—but, Mr. Ordwell, you don't mean to hint that you suspect a man with Daniel Purinton's reputation, do you? Oh, it's impossible!"

"I don't care to assert what I suspect," said the officer, quietly, "but I have found that the detective who lets reputation stand in the way of investigation stops a great way short of knowing his business. The records show that good reputations get dreadfully jarred sometimes in criminal matters, Mr. Wing. Daniel Purinton may be a good man but he must take his raking over along with the rest of the good men of Mansfield village."

NOTE:—This interesting story will be con-

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FLOSSIE FIELD'S FORTUNES

The Story of a Poor Girl.

By Lucy Randall Comfort.

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CHAPTER VIII.

CAN'T stand this any longer!" exclaimed Miss Vaillant, flinging her hat on the ta-

"Why, what's the matter," asked Mayne, who had just come in with a huge satin box of Easter bon-bons. "The pretty companion

of Easter bon-bons. "The pretty companion again?"
"You are good at guessing," said Hilary.
"Yes—it is that precious Miss Eveleth, as grandmother calls her. Such folly!"
"Well?" Captain Mayne moved forward a chair for Miss Vaillant and took one himself.
"Here I am with cards already out for the most select and exclusive Easter masquerade in New York," frowned Hilary.
"Granted," murmured the Captain. "And I am fortunate enough to have received an invitation."

"And grandmother is determined to appear as Marie Antoinette, and drag that girl along as Princess Lambelle!"
"Ye fates!" commented Mayne, after a low

whistle.
"Clement," said Hilary, after a moment's pause. "I've thought of a plan. You used to be something of an amateur chemist, didn't you?"
"Rather a dabster at the business," he ad-

"Rather a daoster at the business," he admitted.

"Couldn't you prepare me a good strong sleeping draught to settle the dear old lady for an hour or two, just until the ball is over! For then, of course, Princess Lambelle wouldn't have the face to appear alone."

"No, I should say not," spoke Mayne, slowly.
"But I say—why don't you ask Dr. Zellar?"

"Because I hate him," said Hilary, frankly.
"He's always making love to me, and I've refused him twice already!"

Mayne whistled a second time.
"I can't endure those fat, bald-headed men!" flashed Hilary. "I won't ask him anything. If you won't do it for me—"

"But I will," interrupted Mayne. "I dare say I can mix up something. I took a course of medical lectures once, as you know. For tonight?"

"I want her to have it about nine o'clock. I

"I want her to have it about nine o'clock. I can give it to Morris myself," said Hilary,

can give it to Moris myself," said Hilary, eagerly.

"My lady's mandate is my pleasure," bowed Mayne, and then as Hilary gathered up her wraps, he departed.

"She treats me somewhat like an apothecary's boy," he pondered. "But she is Miss Vaillant, and some day I mean that she shall be my wife!"

And so, about eight that evening, the page brought up a packet containing a small green.

be my wife!"
And so, about eight that evening, the page brought up a packet containing a small green phial. "From the druggist's, miss," said he. "For Mrs. Towers, care of Miss Hilary."
Hilary was sitting under her hair-dresser's hands. "It's all right," said she, coloring.
As soon as she could escape she went to her grandmother's room, where the old lady and Flossie were turning over a pile of French engravings of the time of Louis XVI, to verify the costumes that Mrs. Towers had just received, and beckoned Morris into the hall.
"Morris," said she, "my grandmother is exciting herself too much, Dr. Zellar says. Here is a strong sleeping draught that you must give her."

"But, miss," stammered the maid, "Dr. Zellar left a powder this morning for the same purpose—a quieting mixture, miss."

Hilary winced—she had not anticipated this. She paused a second.
"Never mind," she said, tartly. "Dr. Zellar has changed his prescription.
"Half of it nov. The rest at ten!"
"But, miss—the ball! My missis says—"
"Dr. Zellar disapproves of the ball for her. But, Morris, this is between you and me alone!"
"Certainly, miss," said Morris. She had taken commands from Miss Vaillant before,

alone!"
"Certainly, miss," said Morris. She had
taken commands from Miss Vaillant before,
and knew her imperious nature.
As Hilary ran down the stairs, the old lady's
bell tinkled sharply.

"Morris—my tonic! We are half an hour late now!"

The Lord be praised for that," said Morris, inwardly, and she hastened to pour half the contents of the phial into an engraved tum-

bler.

Mrs. Towers eyed it sharply. "The color has altered—what is the matter with it?" said she. "The doctor has changed the prescription, ma'am," said Morris, glibly, and Mrs. Towers drank it, unquestioningly.

"Insipid tasting enough," said she. "Is the costume ready, Morris?" Did you put on those ribbons?"

"Yes ma'am an hourage Here it is ma'am."

ribbons?"
"Yes, ma'am, an hour ago. Here it is, ma'am."
But in the examination of Marie Antoinette's
exquisite robe. Mrs. Towers grew strangely
sleepy. "It's singular how drowsy I am," said
she. "Ithink it's Flossie's example that has
infected me."
For Flossie had sunk into a brief slumber on

the cushioned sofa where the pink silk draperies shielded her tired eyes.
"Well, ma'am," said the artful Morris, rubbing her hands, "I don't think it would be a

bing her hands, "I don't think it would be a bad idea for you to get a little beauty s'eep too. It's early, ma'am, and you always look better after you've had your nap."

"Perhaps I will," said Mrs. Towers, letting her royal fripperies fall in a glittering heap to the floor, and in a minute Morris had slipped on her satin dressing robe and placed her among the lace pillows.

on her satin dressing robe and placed her among the lace pillows.

"Be sure to wake me at ten," said the old lady. "Two—hours—to—dress—and—"

"Yes'm—certainly'm" soothed Morris. "Bless me, she's asleep already!"

She dozed over her needlework that evening until it was long past ten, and, waking with a start, she tiptoed to her mistress's room. Mrs. Towers was still asleep, but Flossie sat reading by the shaded lamp.

"Ought not Mrs. Towers to be roused? Isn't it time for her to dress?" she asked, glancing st the clock.

'La, she's dead asleep still," said the maid, "and I was to give her the second dose at ten."
"Yes," said Flossie, calmly. "I heard Miss
Vaillantsay so, and I gave it to her myself at
ten, though it was almost impossible to arouse

ner."
"Well, miss, she always did sleep sound,"
said Morris, again rubbing her hands. "And
if she can get a quiet night's rest, it is a good
thing, 1'm sure."

"But she told me to call her early," protested Flossie. "She wishes to enter the salon at midnight. There are some carriages driving up aiready."

"But the doctor was dead against her going the chest of the country o

"But the doctor was dead against her going to the ball tonight," interposed Morris, reso-

"He said nothing about it when he was here

this morning."
"I have Miss Vaillant's orders, ma'am,"

"I have Miss Vaillant's orders, ma'am," persisted Morris, who could be unpleasantly pert when she pleased.

And Flossie said nothing more.

Morris was still plaiting pink satin ribbon for Mrs. Tower's neglige and Flossie sat listening to the strains of the Hungarian band and the soft tumult and rustle below, when the clock struck one.

and the soft tumult and rustle below, when the clock struck one.

"I guess 1'd better undress her for the night," said Morris, putting away her work basket, "if you'd please keep out of sight, miss, for if she sees you, she'll want to talk and I'll never get her ready for bed."

"She'll hear the music," said Flossie.

"No, she won't—she get's harder o' hearin' every day," asserted Morris. "It's a way old folks has."

She nodded authoritatively towards the door

She nodded authoritatively towards the door

She nodded authoritatively towards the door and Flossie unwillingly obeyed, for Morris was something of a tyrant in her way.

The band was playing one of Strauss's wild waltzes, and merry voices floated up where Flossie stood opposite her bedroom door. Not that she wished to be one of the dancers—her heart was still sore for her lost mother and she was most retiring in her nature, but Flossie was most retiring in her nature, but Flossie was young and at times very lonely, and a single tear trickled like a stray pearl down her cheek, when suddenly a smothered scream from Mrs. Tower's room rent the air! She

from Mrs. Tower's room rent the air! She rushed back.
"Morris, what is the matter?" she cried.
"I—I can't wake Mrs. Towers up, miss!" stammered the terrified maid with a livid pallor on her cheeks. "I've called and shook her and everything!"
"Let me try," said Flossie, smiling at what she deemed Morris's folly. "I can always rouse her with a word."
But the instant she saw Mrs. Towers's face in the strong electric light that Morris had turned

the strong electric light that Morris had turned on, she knew that nothing short of the last trump could rouse that sleeper. For she lay there, dead and cold!

CHAPTER IX.

CHAPTER IX.

Down stairs the Hungarian Band pulsed weirdly and the feet of flying dancers skimmed over the waxed floors, and nobody noticed at first that one by one, people were beckoned out from behind stealthily lifted draperies, so that it was sometime before Mr. Van Alden, the floor manager, made a public announcement that supper would be served at once, after which the second part of the programme would be omitted, owing to the illness of Mrs. Tressilian Towers. People stared and wondered, but they ate their supper with none the less appetite, and departed decorously, leaving polite messages of regret. And not until the next morning did they know what had really happened!

happened!
As it chanced, Dr. Zellar was among the guests. He had arrived late and Mrs. Vaillant had taken him up to her mother's room.
"Oh, doctor!" cried she, frantically. "Tell us that it is only a swoon. She can't be—dead!" "She is dead, most assuredly." said the doctor, as he touched her pulse and lifted the heavy eyelids. "What has she taken?"
"Just the same as usual," faltered Hilary, who had grown ghastly pale. "Morris will tellyou."
"It was Miss Field gave her the last dose!" squeaked the pusillanimous Morris, "as she'll

tell you herself, sir."

Flossie, who sat by the bedside, holding the hand of her dead friend, raised her tear-stained

eyes at this appeal.
"Certainly I did," said she quietly. "There's
the phial on the dressing table—the dark green

one."

Dr. Zellar took out the cork and tasted the few drops that remained. He frowned slightly. "Some one has been tampering with the case," said he. "This is a powerful opiate." "It's the medicine you prescribed yourself, doctor," gasped Hilary, paler than ever. "No it is not," said he, sternly. "It is far too powerful a mixture for so old a person. It bears no doctor's name nor druggist's stamp. Who has dared—"

Then there was a little commotion in the

Then there was a little commotion in the room. Hilary Vaillant had fainted, but Dr. Zellar's glance was on Flossie Field. She did not look like a guilty person, he thought.

"You gave her the medicine, you say?" he questioned, sternly.

questioned, stermy.

"Yes."

"Who authorized you?"

"I heard Miss Vaillant tell the maid that she was to have it at eight o'clock and then at ten. Morris did not come in at ten, so I myself took the responsibility."

"Did you know what it was?"

"No—but Miss Vaillant was my authority. I

"No-but Miss Vaillant was my authority, a beard her tell Morris that you had changed the prescription."

Dr. Zellar was silent for a moment. A cu-

rious expression flitted across his features. "I see," said he. "This is all very unfortunate, but our friend was old and feeble and this occurrence might have been looked for at any

time."
He sat down at a little table and calmly wrote out the certificate: "Death from senile aesthenia."
"Doctor!" gasped Mrs. Vaillant, who had just returned from deluging Hilary with cologne and smelling salts. "What does this signify! The certificate, I mean."
"Signify!" repeated the doctor, brusquely.
"Why it signifies death from old age. What else would you call it? Wasn't she nearly eighty?"

eighty?"
"Won't you come in and see Hilary, doctor?"
pleaded the mother, "She is so ill!"
Dr Zellar followed Mrs. Vaillant into Hilary's
room. At the same instant Morris called her
mistress out, and the physician stood looking
down at Hilary.
"Well!" said he sharply. "What does all
this mean, young lady?"
It is said that a little wholesome brusqueness
is an excellent cure for hysterics. In Hilary

is an excellent cure for hysterics. In Hilary Vaillant's case it proved so.

"I—I didn't mean any harm!" gasped the girl, shrinking from the oblique flame of his keen gray eyes. "I wanted to keep grandmother up stairs—away from the ball, you know—she and her companion, Miss Field." "Oh!" said Zellar, savagely. "So you took it upon yourself to imperil my reputation and risk my patient's life to gratify a whim like that! A very smart thing to do!"

Hilary covered her eyes with her hands. "Oh, don't speak so terribly, doctor!" sobbed she.
"Do you know what the courts of law would call this, Miss Vaillant?"

Hilary uttered a wail of terror. "Oh, doctor

Hilary uttered a wail of terror. "Oh, doctor —you will never let it come to that!" she shrieked.
"I may—who knows? Who save you this

shrieked.
"" may—who knows? Who gave you this inform dose?"
"1—an't—tell—you."
"Why not?"
"I am pledged to secrecy."
Dr. Zellar rose and began pacing the room.
"The foul fiend can easily find tools for his own," muttered he.
"Strange that so fair an outward personality can belong to a—murderess!"

"Strange that so fair an outward personality can belong to a—murderess!"
Hilary shook like a leaf—she was deadly pale. "I never meant it!" she sobbed. "I never meant it!" she sobbed. "I never meant it!" she sobbed. "I never meant it!"

"Yet you would have let that pretty young thing, the companion, suffered for your crime, if you could," snarled he. "Don't deny it! I'm not a fooi!"

Miss Vaillant rose trembling from the sofa and threw herself on ner knees at his feet. "Mercy! Mercy!" she pleaded.

"Ah, you are at my feet, now" he sneered! "Well, young lady, I will be merciful—to you and to the Vaillants,—on one condition only—that you become my wife within three months. I know you are selfish and silly,—that I shall have to watch you as a cat watches a mouse. But I don't believe you'll dare to experiment on me."

But I don't believe you'll dare to experiment on me."

"Oh, I can't! I can't!" sobbed the girl.

"Well, why not? I can give you a good home and all the money you want. It's not every one who would extend such terms to—no, I won't repeat the word. But I love you in spite of everything. I always did. And I'm prepared to risk it. What do you say? Are you willing to buy my silence—now and forever—at this price?"

And Miss Vaillant murmured: "Yes!" With an effort, it is true, but still she spoke the

an effort, it is true, but still she spoke the word, though her face turned gray as ashes, and her heart almost ceased to beat. The elderly suitor had won at last!

CHAPTER X.

"But where is Flossie Field?" said Mrs. Joy-

cotte.

The funeral carriages were at the door to convey the family and their friends to Woodlawn Cemetery, and the minister's wife, with her foot on the step asked the question of Mrs. Vaillant, a black draped, drooping figure. Wasit not bad enough to lose her mother so suddenly, that she should also within the last hour have learned that the lovely daughter, to whom she looked to raise the family fortunes still higher by making an aristocratic marriage, had plighted herself to a fussy, baldheaded little doctor, whose only recommendations were his professional skill and a little money he had contrived to scrape together thereby.

"He must have cast some sort of a spell over

therely.

"He must have cast some sort of a spell over Hilary," said her mother. "I cannot account for it, otherwise."

"Flossie?" Mrs. Vaillant repeated, vaguely. "We never thought of her, I don't see why she should be here."

"Because she loved Mrs. Towers, and Mrs. Towers loved her, "said Mrs. Joycotte.

Mrs. Vaillant frowned. "She was the cause of my mother's death," said she.

"Not in the least," spoke Mrs. Joycotte, decidedly. "It was all the fault of that stupid maid for misunderstanding Miss Vaillant's directions. Of course you have discharged her."

maid for misunderstanding Miss Vaillant's directions. Of course you have discharged her."

"No, we haven't," stammered Mrs. Vaillant. "We couldn't spare Morris—she has been with us for years. She is to be Hilary's maid now. Such a devoted servant!"

"All this is very extraordinary," said Mrs. Joycotte, curtly.

"The woman talks as if she didn't believe me," thought poor Mrs. Vaillant. But in her own heart she herself found it very difficult to understand Hilary's determination to retain Morris in her service.

From an upper window, Flossie Field was sadly watching the carriages drive away. To her the world seemed looming up more cruel and cold than ever. What should she do next? Whither should she go?

With swimming eyes she turned away, just as Morris bounced into the room with a card. "For Miss Field," said she. "Though I'm sure I don't know why he should call. And if I might make so boid, it ain't a good thing for a young person as has her living to make in service to go receiving calls from them as is so far above her."

But Flossie's eyes suddenly brightened as she read the name:—"Mr. Geoffrey Marchlands." "Ain't you goin' to change your frock nor nothin'?" said Morris, staring.

Without any reply, Flossie went into the dark and silent drawing room, feeling as though she trod on air.
"I am so glad to see you, Mr. Marchlands," she uttered, impetuously.

"I am so glad to see you, Mr. Marchlands," she uttered, impetuously.
"Are you? Really?" How bright his dark eyes shone as he took her little cold hand in

his own warm grasp.
"I need advice so much," she faltered. "And I have no one to consult."
"Advice? About what?"

"Advice? About what?"

"About my future. Everyone is looking askance at me, though I do not know what I have done to deserve it, and there is nothing more for me to do here. If you could recommend me to another place—I can't go back to Mrs. Joycotte again—she has been too kind already, and I must decide on something. No—I cannot accept pecuniary aid" as he was about to speak "for I know that you too are poor—"

"Poor is a comparative term," said Marchlands, slowly. "Yes, in some ways I am poor—for instance, I have no near relatives and but few friends. So you are willing to trust to my advice, Miss Field?"

Flossie lifted her frank eyes to his face with

Flossic lifted her frank eyes to his face with deepening color. "Yes, in everything," she

spoke.

"And I pledge you my word," said he, "to prove worthy of your faith. But—Flossie—"
Again she raised her sweet, questioning eyes.
"Could you not trust me a little further—could you not trust me with yourself—with all your life? With your heart's love, Flossie? Because in these few last weeks I have learned that life without you would be no life at all!"

"Do you mean..."
"I mean that I want you to be my dearly beloved wife, Flossie. Can you trust me as far as

loved wife, Flossie. Can you trust me as iar as that?"

He took her tenderly and reverently in his arms—she came to them like a lost child that sees its home at last!

"Oh!" she faltered. "I am so happy,—so happy!"

"Then you really love me, Flossie?"

"I have loved you ever since—ever since that first day when I knocked over your picture. Do you remember, Mr. Marchlands."

"Geoffrey, if you please, my darling. I bought it for my collection,—it wasn't so bad. Now I shall treasure it for ever!"

"You, Geoffrey! Bought it? But I thought you were a poor young artist!"

"An artist, dearest, I own, but not so very poor. I have enough for us both, and to spare, in my English home. When may I take you there, Flossie, my sweetheart, my cherished one!"

"It's very strange!" said Mrs. Joycotte, from whose house Flossie was married. "I thought of course the child knew about Castle Marchlands and its great iron mines, and the famous picture gallery and all,—but it seems she didn't. And here is Hilary Vaillant, the beauty of the season, going to marry that pompous little doctor, when I know she worshipped the very ground that Marchlands trod on. And Captain Mayne has suddenly gone to Australia without a farewell word to anybody! There is something here I don't understand at all. But one thing I do know—that Flossie is the happiest girl in the world, and she deserves it all, God bless her!" (THE END.)

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Dalton and ladies who had wasted away to mere skeletons.

You can learn all about this wonderful discovery free by writing the Kalamazoo Tuberculosis Remedy Co., 261 Main St., Kalamazoo, Mich., and they will send you free of charge books especially writen by them that go deep into the subject and show how in your own home the Copper Cure kills the germs, then builds up the lungs, strengthens the heart, puts flesh on the body and muscles on the bones, until the consumption is all gone and you are again a strong, healthy, rubust man of woman.

Have no doubts about the matter, but act sensible

About Flowers. All

BY EBEN E. REXFORD.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: It is the intention of the editor to have this department practical and useful in all ways. It will deal with the matter of gardening, both out and indoors, in a way calculated to be helpful to the woman who can have but a small garden, or a few pot plants. In order to make it of the greatest possible benefit to those women who love flowers quite as well as those who have a great deal of time to devote to their culture, Mr. Rexford, who is a recognized authority on this subject, will undertake to answer all questions they may ask, to the best of his ability. If there is anything you want to find out about flowers, tell him what it is, and perhaps he can furnish you with the desired information. Anyway he will do his best to do so, and as your questions will be answered through these columns they will be of interest to all "Comfort" readers. Address, Eben E. Rexford, "Comfort" Questions, Shiocton, Wis).

Bulb Planting.

HIS is the best month in which to plant bulbs in the garden. As a general thing work of this kind is put off until considerably later in the season because the amateur is under the impression that bulbs planted anytime before the coming of cold weather will do as well. This is not the case, however. In order to achieve the best results, bulbs must be got into the ground as early as possible. The reason for early planting is this bulbs form roots during the fail from which the early growth of the following season is supported. Such a growth would take place before they can properly perform the work of the season. If you plant them early, strong, healthy root-growth can, and will, be completed before the coming of cold weather, and the plants will be ready when spring comes to devote all their energies to the development of a fine crop of flowers. But if we do not plant our bulbs until late in the season they will only have fairly begun to make roots when winter comes and puts an end to their work. In spring it will be necessary for them to take it up where they left it off, and this will go on at a time when they are trying to produce flowers, thus taxing them to a greater extent than they are able to stand satisfactorily. Late-set bulbs invariably give inferior flowers if any, and they are so weakened by the over-taxing of their vitality that they seldom recover from the check. Therefore plant early and give your bulbs a chance to fully complete the work of the season before cold weather comes.

Bulb-Beds.

Choose a location that is naturally well-drained if possible. If it is not so, excavate the soil to the depth of a foot and a half and fill in with four or five inches of something that will



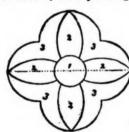
not decay—old crockery, brick, coal-slag, small stones, anything that will prevent the soil from settling down again as it was before you began work at it. This stratum of porous material will allow surplus water from the soil above to filter off through it, thus doing away with the danger of injury to the bulbs planted in it from undue retention of moisture in spring.

When the soil thrown out of the bed is returned to it, work it over thoroughly to make it fine and mellow. If rather heavy, because of clay, it is an excellent plan to add enough sharp, coarse sand to make it friable. Also add to it, while working it over, a liberal amount of old, well-rotted barnyard fertilizer, if you can get it. Nothing suits bulbs better than cow manure which has lain until it is black and crumbling, and the country gardener has the advantage of the city flower-lover because he can almost always get this ideal fertilizer with but little trouble. If it cannot be obtained I would advise bonedust as a substitute. Use in the proportion of a pound to each square yard of soil if it is of ordinary richness. If poor, double the amount. poor, double the amount.

Planting.

Put Tulips and Hyacinths about four inches under the surface at the north. The smaller bulbs should be planted about three inches deep. Set the larger bulbs about six inches apart. Small varieties are more effective when grouped and planted closely. What we should aim at is a mass of color, and this can only be secured by close planting.

Avoid mixing



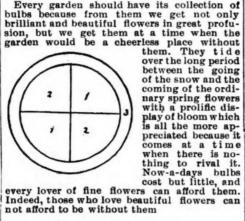
Avoid mixing kinds in the bed The most satisfactory results are always secured by keeping each
kind by itself.
There is a lack of
harmony in general
habit which makes
a discord of the beds in which tulips, hyacinths and daf-fodils are jumbled together.

Protection.

Just before cold weather sets in, cover the bulb beds well with coarse manure or something similar. This is not to keep the cold out as so many suppose, rather to keep it in. Frost, if it stays in a comparatively tender plant will not injure it, but if the sun warms the soil enough to extract the frost during the day, and freezing takes place at night, injury is sure to result because of the alternation of cold and best in which reputate of the plant cold and heat in which rupture of the plant cells is likely to take place. It is the frequent alternation of conditions which does the mischief, not the cold, as most persons believe. Unless bulb-beds are given protection, the soil in which they are exposed under the action of frost and often the bulbs are heaved from their places, and their roots torn off. Be sure to give a covering of some sort.

Desirability of Bulbs.

Every garden should have its collection of



Chrysanthemums.

Chrysanthemums.

If these plants have been growing in the ground during the summer, they should be potted the first part of the month. It is a good plan to cut around each plant about ten days before lifting them with a sharp, thin-bladed spade. Make the cut about the size of the pot the plant is to go into. This severs the long roots, and forces them to send out new ones inside the bale of earth, and puts the plant in the best possible condition for lifting because the old roots will not have to be interfered with at potting-time, and the new roots will act as feeders.

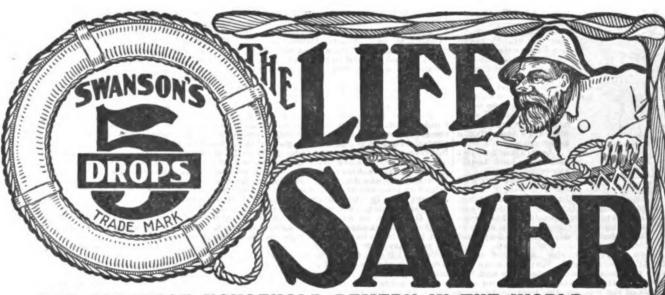
As a general thing, but little potting-soil will

As a general thing, but little potting-soil will be needed because the earth which is lifted with the plants will fill the pots, but if any is used to fill in about the roots, let it be rich with bone dust. Endeavor to



and exposing roots. To guard against this, water the plants well before lifting. When you have them in their pots, set them in a cool, airy, shaded place, and shower them well. Do

A. N.—Ivory, the much praised new Rose, has not been tried very extensively as a bedder, as yet, but being a slip from Golden Gate, it probably partakes to some extent of the characteristics of that variety, and would likely give satisfactory results in the garden.



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Records of the Doin' in the Cobb's Corner Postof-fice, "Writ out" by the Boy Behind the Counter.

[EDITOR'S NOTE. The quaint philosophers, the dry wags, the shrewd dickerers and the eminent yarn-spinners of the countryside make a forum of the country postoffice when there is room at the rear around the big stove. The stories and incidents on which some of the most successful human interest novels of the day are constructed come from the quaint loungers around the stores in Yankee communities. These official records of "Jeth's Crowd" are to be taken down month by month for the readers of "Comfort," and we hope that as you become acquainted with the members of the "Congress" your interest in their discourse and stories will deepen.

In the October number of "Comfort" the "Cobb's Corner Congress" will continue its sessions.



NYTHING doin' in politics down in the Stun' Bridge dees-trick?" asked the

rick?" as ke d the Postmaster.
"Not as ye might say 'specially,' said Ezra Pitts. "We're all gittin' our hind legs stretched ready for the Australine ballot in the fall election."

lot in the fall election."

"Which way are ye goin' to jump?" asked the Postmaster.

"Direction of the best fodder," replied Ezra laconically.

"You fellers in the Stun' Bridge deestrick have jumped the fence so much," said Teed Strout, "that your hind legs look like a kangaroo's."

"Australine ballot makes us look that,"

kangaroo's."

"Australine ballot makes us look that," answered Ezra.

"Makes me think of old Jeff Long," broke in Cap'n Jote Bailey.

"Jeff was stand' out in front of his house one day smokin' his pipe and lookin' at the scenery. 'Long come some city people on a buckboard. Feller that was drivin' hauled up and the city folks set there lookin' at Jeff. Staid there much as ten minutes and Jeff never moved. D' y ever see Jeff? Wal' he's worn the same pair of pants for more'n ten year and the way they bag at the knees beats all creation. Fin'ly one of the men on the buckboard hops off and walks over to where Jeff's was standin'."

"'Why don't ye jump?' says he.

"'Jump?' says Jeff, 'jump where to?'

"Donno where to,' says the stranger, 'but ye've been standin' here for ten minutes with your legs all bent ready to jump and we've been waitin' for ye.' That's the way with the voters in the Stun' Bridge deestrick," concluded Cap'n Jote. "Ye might think they was ready to jump in polities at any and all times, but they hain't. It's only the way their political pant legs bag at the knee. Ye couldn't drive 'em out of the party. There's old Hen Perry. He's still votin' for Andrew Jackson."

old Hen Perry. He's still votin' for Andrew Jackson."

"D'ye hear about Hen in the last caucus they had down in the Stun' Bridge deestrick?"
The postmaster asked.

"Naw," was the chorus.

"Wal, Hen was out in front of the house while the caucas was goin' on, tryin' to work off that old high pressur' mare of his onto Paul Jones. Paul had more or less of a breather, too, but he had the old plug dosed up and had bent a hunk o' strap iron over his nose so that his breathin' didn't sound quite so much as us'al like a man rippin' shingles off a roof with a barn shovel. Hen was keepin' his old mare tip-toein' round all the time so that she wouldn't show that her right hip knocked down. Wal, he was right in the heat of the trade when there was more or less of a hullabaloo in the town house. Hen hadn't been in at all and wasn't intendin' to go in. He was more int'rested in horse tradin' than in politics. But when the rumpus in the town house got to goin' he hollered to one of the men at the door and asked him what the trouble was. The man hollered back that it was alleged that Silas Orff had voted mor'n once. Hen has been fightin' Silas in law about our law and the still. was alleged that Silas Orff had voted mor'n once. Hen has been fightin' Silas in law about fence for about ten year and he hates him

fence for about ten year and he hates him wuss'n pisen.
"Wal, Hen he drops the reins, left his old mare and made a break for the inside of the town house. He tipped over tew men who were in the entry way and plowed his way upthe aisle steppin' on corns and elbowin'. Fin'ly

the aisle steppin' on corns and elbowin'. Fin'ly he fi't his way to the front through the howlin' crowd and hopped up on a settee. He's got a voice like the Bull of Bashan and he hollered the gang to a standstill. When they got quiet he says, says he, 'Feller citizens, Listen to me. Here is Silas Griff denyin' that he has voted more than once. Why, feller citizens, Silas Griff has voted once that I know of—twice to my certain knowledge has voted once that I know oftwice to my certain knowledge
and three times by Jeehookibus
Hossfodder.' Wals'r, that
crowd they gaffled onto Silas
and spite all he could do or say
they throwed him out off the
town house and he hadn't
voted but once neither and they throwed him out off the town house and he hadn't voted but once, neither—and there was old Hen, he hadn't been in there at all. That's the way of politics, blame'em. Hain't no hon—where the sister lived and he said 'Down to the





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jest as much right to brag about my steer as ye've got to whoop 'round about that sorrel that ye ought to name Sutler 'cause he's allus behind.' 'Wal, ye hain't got any hosses in your barn that kin beat that colt,' says Chet. 'I hain't talkin' about hosses,' says Hite. 'Any one of my hosses kin beat him—that's too easy. What I'm sayin' is that I kin beat him out with even that steer. Come now, put up or shet up and stay shet.' Chet tried to talk some more but we all at him and told him that if he didn't bet he couldn't talk. Hite put his money on the store counter.

bet he couldn't talk. Hite put his money on the store counter.

"Of course we all s'posed that Chet would flam his money down mighty quick, for who ever heerd tell of a steer beatin' a hoss? But I swow if Chet didn't take his kairosene can and paound of tea and start fer home. One of the fellers followed him out onto the store platform and says to him, 'Chet, for goodness sake's what are ye thinkin' of to be bluffed down in that way? That colt of your'n is reelly the best goin' hoss in town and can clean out anything round here, much less a blamed old stubtoed steer. Put up your money.'

"But Chet he unhitched and got into his wagon. 'Ye don't ketch me,' says he. 'I know I've got a good hoss,' says he, 'but after one of them blamed Durham steers gits started there hain't no tellin' where in timenation he will tetch up.' And off he drove, bluffed to a standstill."

"Polytics hain't botherin' us a mite down

"Polytics hain't botherin' us a mite down our way," broke in Ran Young, the stage-driv-er. "We're havin' a revival at the Twin Trees er. "We're havin' a revival at the Twin Trees school house, and they wouldn't stop the meetin's even to have a rally last week. Revivalist is a stranger but he has been doin' a good job at it. Fust week he was there, though, he come nigh bustin' up the meetin'. Old lady got up to speak and she did make a powerful exhortation. It was her fust trip to the meetin' and when she got to goin' in reel good shape the evangelist was much taken with her earnestness. So he commenced to shout 'Amen,' at frequent intervals. Pre tty soon he wanted to know her name so that he could en-

soon he wanted to know her name so that he could en-courage her as she went along. So he leaned down and asked a leetle boy who set on the edge of the plat-form, what the sister's name was. The sister was speak-in' considerably loud by that

sety anywhere. I wouldn't resk myself to run for hog-beef in these 'ere days."

"There has been times when he Perry has breather the standard of the standard

hithers, n'1 'm n and ac' h'I 'hank Hod—''

"Amen', piped up one of the sisters, 'but please speak a leetle louder, brother, a leetle louder for the old folks to hear'.

"You all know how quick tempered Jim is. He won't stand it to have any one call him in-

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Ned Todd The Oklahoma Detective; Or, The Strange Cabin in the Wilderness.

By Henry Dale.

Author of "Boomers and Cattle Kings," "The Cheyenne Outbreak," "Shadowing a Shadow," "Chepita," "Mormonism Unveiled," Etc.

Copyright, 1902, by W. H. Gannett, Publisher.

The opening chapters of this intensely interesting story appeared in February Comport. Back numbers may be obtained by enclosing three cents to Comport, Augusta, Maine, for each number desired.

During the past year portions of Indian Territory were epened to settlement by the Government allotment of lots by chance, and the scenes that were enacted in the years gone by, when Oklahoma was the objective point of settlers from east and west, north and south, were again presented in a much more exciting manner. A Kansas telephone girl luckify secured a lot valued at \$17,000, and others were nearly as fortunate.

fortunate.

Because of the exciting events that have transpired in Oklahoma and Indian Territory, events that have attracted the attention of the whole country, the story of "Ned Todd" is presented to our readers in the hope that instruction and entertainment may be derived from its perusal.

CHAPTER XIX.

THE IDIOT'S STORY.

HOUGH the pursuers were almost on them, Archie had no idea of leaving Daisy behind. He reined in his horse, threw himself from the saddle, and

unslung his rifle.

Half a dozen painted demons were almost upon him, but he raised his repeating Winchester and sent half a dozen shots among them, which checked their headlong advance. One saddle was emptied, two horses were down, and the others had except a farty in flight.

saddle was emptied, two horses were down, and the others had sought safety in flight.

He ran to Daisy, just as her horse began to kick and struggle in death. Seizing the insensible girl about the waist, he drew her away from the horse and laid her upon the leaves beneath a wide-spreading beach.

Crouching down by the foot of the tree, he determined to defend her with his life.

Fortunately he had brought some ammunition with him, and he had the presence of mind to slip a few cartridges into his gun during the lall in the attack.

Captain Snell, who had been one of the party that was chasing Ned Todd, on learning that

Captain Snell, who had been one of the party that was chasing Ned Todd, on learning that there was a man and a woman about to make their way to the camp, had abandoned the chase after the borderer and turned his attention toward the youth and Daisy.

"Catch them, but do the girl no harm. A thousand dollars to the man who takes the girl unharmed!"

This stimulus was sure to bring chart the

This stimulus was sure to bring about the desired result, he thought, and doubtless it would have but for the fact that the youth had shown a decided intention to take care of him-

Placing Daisy out of the reach of their bul-lets, he crouched behind the old beech tree and sent shot after shot with such precision into their ranks that the Indians for the second

sent shot after shot with such precision into their ranks that the Indians for the second time fell back.

"Death and fury!" roared the road agent chief. "Are you all a set of cowards? Look, see! the boomers are arming, and we shall soon have twenty-five or thirty blazing away at us. On him! take him! There's enough, now all together!"

He had brought up his road agents and Cheyenne warriors, about sixty or seventy in number. There was not a ghost of a show for the youth, for he knew that it would be impossible for the boomers to reach him before they had overwhelmed him in numbers. But he resolved to defend himself to the last.

Again he had taken advantage of the lull in the attack to reload the empty chambers of his gun, and with cocked rifle waited for a renewal of the attack, which he understood would be his death struggle. Daisy had regained her consciousness, and realizing it all, asked:

"Is it not over yet?"

"No, but it soon will be. Here they come now. Good by."

The great line of horsemen coming on at a sweeping gallop, bore down upon him. They were almost within gunshot when suddenly a

The great line of horsemen coming on at a sweeping gallop, bore down upon him. They were almost within gunshot when suddenly a wild shout rose on the air, and a withering volley was poured into their ranks. The youth sprang to his feet, amazed at the sudden attack. Bursting out from a wood near, was half a hundred blue-coated cavalry, headed by the irrepressible Ned Todd himself.

"Whoop, hooray! give it to them boys," shouted the borderer, dashing away at the head of the column, waving his hat in the air.

The soldiers followed, their guns and pistols flashing death at every jump. Saddles were emptied and the ground soon covered with men and horses. The bewildered red skins halted for a single moment, wavered and then broke and fled.

and fled.

But that moment of hesitation was fatal to them. The cavalry was among them, and their bright sabres doing sad havoc. Utterly dis-heartened and terrified, they fled in every di-

rection.

"What is it? what does it mean?" Daisy asked from where she lay.

"Deliverance has come," the youth shouted. "Soldiers are here and we are safe. Lie close to the ground and do not stir, lest you get hit with a bullet."

She obeyed him and kept close to the earth. The boomers came to their aid also, and the Indians and road agents were driven away or killed, for but little pains were taken to take

"Well, boy, are you all right?" asked Ned

"Well, boy, are you all right?" asked Ned Todd, dashing up to where the youth stood, ready to spend his last drop of blood in the defense of Daisy Miller.

"Yes, untouched," was the answer,
"And the girl?"

"Not badly injured. They shot my horse and I was slightly bruised by the fall," Daisy answered, springing to her feet.

"Well, I am glad to know it is no worse. When they got onto our racket so quick, and deserted me to follow you, I was afraid that after all our plan would be a failure."

"It would but for the soldiers. Where did you find them?" the youth asked.

"They were in the wood, into which I was chased, watching the Indians. There was something about them that was rather suspicious, they thought."

The boomers had by this time come up, and invited all to their camp. They went, and there Daisy found many acquaintances. There were those who had not yet heard of her father's awful death, and her own captivity. She was regarded as one returned from the dead. They were glad to have her with them once They were glad to have her with them once

more, and as she was weak and worn out, some good and nourishment was given her and then the best bed in the camp furnished her. Na-ture too long kept at a strain gave way, and in an hour after Daisy Miller was in the camp she

was in a high fever.

A surgeon, by chance, was with the troop, and he at once administered medicine to her.

"Do you think that she is in a critical condi-tion, doctor?" asked Archie Holland. "I cannot tell yet," he answered. "She is young and may come out all right. I hope so at all events."

Archie went away from the tent in which the

Archie went away from the tent in which the sick girl lay, with a heavy feeling in his heart. Now that the road agents and Cheyennes had been dispersed and driven away, the Oklahoma boomers learned that there was another unpleasant surprise for them. The soldiers had come to drive them out of the country. "It seems very hard, after we have braved so much and come here in this wilderness and built our homes, to be driven away," said one old boomer.

built our homes, to be driven away," said one old boomer.

"I know that it seems hard," answered the officer in charge of the troops. "But we have our duty to perform, and we must do it. We shall give you a few days anyway, until the young lady can be removed, and then we shall have you returned to the States."

Archie heard this and he felt as if he could almost shed tears for these people. Someone touched his arm. He turned about and saw Ned Todd.

almost shed tears for these people. Someone touched his arm. He turned about and saw Ned Todd.

"What is it, Ned?"

"I say, now that these troops are going to stay here a week or two, wouldn't it be a good idea to get some of them and go back to that cabin where the idiot cripple is. I believe that from him we can get the secret of your father's mysterious disappearance."

"But would they go?"

"I know that the captain would send at least a dozen with us. That would be enough."

"But—but Daisy?"

"Oh, she will be well taken care of. Don't forget the original object of this visit."

Archie felt a little guilty that he should have to be reminded that his father was somewhere in that vast wilderness a prisoner.

"I will ask him; we will go!" he said. "That matter must not be given up."

They went to the captain and told him of their plan. The captain listened to it and when they were through, he said:

"I don't know that it will be acting in accordance to my orders."

"When you are so far from headquarters do you always wait to act upon orders? Does not the department sometimes give you latitude, some discretion?" asked Ned Todd.

you always wait to act upon orders? Does not the department sometimes give you latitude, some discretion?" asked Ned Todd.
"Oh, yes."
"Well, if ever latitude was given, it should be on this occasion. You have no time now to quibble about orders. Everything must be done now or never."

done now or never.

"Well, Major Todd, how many men will it require?"

"A dozen under a brave discreet officer, will be sufficient."

"Then you shall have them."

"When can we start?"

"As soon as you choose. In the morning if

'Tonight would be better."

"Tonight would be better."
"Very well; tonight be it then."
"Will you permit the men to volunteer?"
"Yes, any that wish to. Go and talk with them. See Sergeant Staves."
The sergeant was found and he was very anxious to be one of the party to go and exterminate such a formidable band of road agents as these in Oklahoma had proved to be. They had been guilty of robbing the United States mail on divers occasions, and sacking frontier villages.

mail on divers occasions, and sacking ironter villages.

"Yes, sir, you can count on me," said the soldier. "I would just like to be at such a frolic as that will be."

Twelve stout, brave young fellows were selected out of the command, and when armed with carbines and revolvers they prepared to set out for the strange cabin in the wilderness, as soon as it was dark.

Archie again called at the tent where the poor, delirious Daisy lay. She was sleeping, but her fever was very high.

"What do you think of her case?" he asked of the army surgeon.

"What do you think of her case?" he asked of the army surgeon.
"She is doing very well, I think, yet I have not had her under my care long enough for much change to take place. I hope that her fever may go down during the night." It was a trying ordeal to go away that night and leave Daisy still in a critical condition, but if they should wait until she recovered they could not have the assistance of the soldiers. At midnight the entire party, mounted on

At midnight the entire party, mounted on fresh horses, set out for the mysterious cabin in the forest. All night long they traveled without any incident worthy of mention, and at dawn of day halted in a large wood, where they remained in camp until noon, allowing their horses to rest and taking some sleep

About two o'clock in the afternoon the hors were again saddled and the small cavalcade started once more on the long, toilsome march. To Archie Holland, who was unaccustomed to such travel, the fatigue was almost too much.

Nothing but his indomitable will kept him up during the journey.

At dusk they halted again, and gave their horses a chance to graze for an hour, and partook of some supper. Ned Todd, who acted as guide for the party, said that they could not be more than ten miles from the log cabin.

"What time will we reach it?" Archie asked.

"About midnight," he answered.

"That will be the best time to strike 'em" said the sargeant. "They won't be looking for us then, and we'll come on 'em unawares. We'll be apt to find 'em all asleep."

"If we can get the cripple away from them before they do him any harm, our secret will, I believe, be obtained. He can tell me where my father is, but if they should suspect that he is not the idiot he pretends to be they would kill him. We must take him away alive and unharmed."

After a halt of a couple of hours, the cavalored again saddled their horses and ware area.

After a halt of a couple of hours, the caval-cade again saddled their horses, and were once more on their way through the trackless forest toward the strange cabin in the wilderness.

Ned Todd, the irrepressible borderer, rode in

front, guided by his meagre knowledge of the country. He knew that they must be near the cabin, but again and again found himself at fault, and thus kept the party wandering about in the wood until three or four o'clock in the morning, before they came in sight of the

The moon had by this time risen and the sky being clear, filled the wood with light. They entered by the very same road which Todd and Archie had entered on their first visit to the

place.

The great log cabin seemed very quiet. Not a sign of a living being was to be seen and Archie was asking himself if it was deserted.

The officer commanded them to dismount, which they did. Three men were left to hold the horses and the others advanced on foot to the cabin. First the house was surrounded, and then Todd, the sergeant, and two or three of the soldiers advanced to the door.

As they came to it someone inside the building, doubtless awakened from sleep by the tramping of feet, opened the door and gave utterance to a yell.

"Halt!" cried Todd, leaping toward the aperture.

"Hait!" cried fodd, leaping toward the aperture.
Crack! went a pistol, and the bullet struck the buckle of the scout's belt.
"Come on, boys, here they are," Ned Todd shouted, and with a kick from his ponderous boot, he sent the door flying from its hinges. "Here they are! down with them!"
Then it seemed as if a pandemonium reigned within the house. Yells, oaths and groans mingled with pistol shots, made the night hideous. A cloud of black smoke rose from within and around the building, and masses of fighting, struggling men at last burst through the doors and windows of the building, and the conflict which had begun inside, was renewed in the yard about the house. From door and windows there sprung dark forms, and the flash of pistols and clash of steel was almost incessant. almost incessant.

almost incessant.

"Here they are, sweep them from the face of the earth!" yelled the irrepressible Ned Todd, rushing like a cyclone through the building. One man rose from the floor and fired at him, but Ned seemed to hold a charmed life. Placing his own pistol at his would-be slayer's breast, he shot him dead, and then bounded over the body, pressing the others in so closely that they were compelled to beat a retreat to the rear.

In his flight, Captain Snell, Wishing to up all the dark past of his life, seized a lighted candle and set fire to a tablecloth and some bed clothing, and then fied. On after him came the border detective and ranger, and just be-

the border detective and ranger, and just behind him, Archie Holland, the sergeant and several others.

They went thundering through the apartment where the idiot lay kicking and giggling with infinite delight. On, out into the rear yard, where the bandits halted for a last fight, Todd and Capt. Snell met face to face.

"Aha! it's you, meddlesome fool, that we have to thank for this," cried Snell. "Take that for your pains," and raising his pistol he snapped it in the face of the scout. It was well for Todd that it missed fire, for had it not it would have sent him to eternity.

"It's my time, now," he cried, and then with his own pistol he shot down the chief of road

agents.
At this moment the flames were seen leaping out of the cabin, and Todd turning to Archie,

"The cripple, the cripple, bring him out; he will burn.

will burn."

It needed no second bidding. Archie sprang into the burning building and found the cripple already making his way toward the door. He seized him in his strong young arms, dragged him from the building and laid him on the grass at a safe distance.

The compat was by this time over. The

grass at a safe distance.

The combat was by this time over. The road agents were either slain or had fled. Four or five bodies lay within the light of the burning building, their pale faces upturned to the sky. Archie recognized one among them, and going to his side bent over the body of the dying man.

going to his side bent over the body of the dying man.

"Oh, brother, brother!" he whispered, "don't you know me? Speak but one word to ask forgiveness, that I may have some hope for you in the future. Speak, oh, speak!"

The dying man opened his eyes, and looked upon the face gazing in pity and kindness upon him. But he did not utter a word. That tongue so long guilty of sin and deceit, was paralyzed and silenced forever.

"Speak, Ralph; oh, speak, and tell me where

paralyzed and silenced forever.

"Speak, Ralph; oh, speak, and tell me where my father is. Oh, do tell me where I shall find my father!"

The man gazed at him a moment with a wild vacant stare, and then as the death shadows crept over his frame, a strange shudder convulsed his form. He was dying.

"Archie, Archie Holland," called a voice, and looking about the youth discovered to his utter amazement, the cripple sitting up. "Don't you know me?" he said.

"No."

"I do not wonder at it, I have changed so much. A change brought about by suffering and torture. I have a story to tell you all."

They gathered about the man who had sufered so much, and with breathless interest listened, while he narrated a story that seemed so wild, so impossible of belief, that they would almost be inclined to doubt it, but for the con-

almost be inclined to doubt it, but for the convincing proof that he gave them.

"Several years ago, I was one of the wealthiest cattle men in the West," he began. "I had a wife and one child, a bright-eyed son, in the States. I had a step-son, who proved to be my inveterate enemy. I gave him employment with my herds in the West, and he ran away from me, and I never heard of him for months. I did not dream that a band of road agents, that was at that time and has ever since been a terror and dread to the entire country, was under his control, but such was the fact. I determined to quit business in the West, and sold out my cattle, receiving in gold three hundred thousand dollars for them. I started for the nearest railroad station to go to the for the nearest railroad station to go to the States, when I was pursued by the road agents, who had become aware of the amount of money who had become aware of the amount of money I carried with me, and chased to within twenty-five miles of this place, where my faithful guide was murdered and I made captive. Before I was captured however, I managed to conceal my money where it has not been found to this day. I was brought to this cabin, and here tortured and burned with hot irons to tell where the money was buried, attil I am the here tortured and burned with hot irons to tell where the money was buried, until I am the wretched helpless cripple that you see. My feet are only clubs, and my hands almost useless. But I kept my secret, and was thrown into a fever from my suffering, from which when I recovered I pretended to be an idiot. Believing that I was an idiot they ceased to

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 13.)

How to Paint a House Cheap

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Pennsylvania R. R. Co.: Pullman Palace Car

Carrara Paint:
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Our Home Workers

Busy Bees with Thread and with Needle.



ONSTANT in quiries come to us for direc-tions for crocheting or knitting infants' wearing apparel, and the three articles which we illustrate and describe he rewith are in re-sponse to these re-quests, which we trust will be acceptable to young mothers, and to their friends who wish to contribute so me-thing really serviceable and comfortable to the

Baby's hamper. Socks are crocheted or knitted, and knitting

Socks are crocheted or knitted, and knitting silk or fine Saxony are used in either case. Those which we illustrate are knitted on two needles, and two colors are used, pink and white. Cast on fifty-seven stitches.

Knit first needle plain, second seam, third plain, fourth needle with white; slip one, wool over. *Knit two; slip one, knit two together, bind, slip stitch over knit two, wool over. Repeat from *. Fif th needle seam. These two needles, the fourth and fifth, make a figure. Knit two figures with white; then with color knit one needle like fourth, next needle

one needle like fourth, next needle plain, next seam, next plain. No w with white knit seventeen figures, then divide, take nineteen stitches for top of foot and continue figure fifteen rows; then with color knit eight purls, and break off wool. With color knit first nineteen stitches left on needle. Pick up and knit nineteenth on one side of piece for top of foot. Knit the nineteen on toe, and knit other side to correspond. Knit four purls (a purl is two needles) on first needle of fifth purl, knit forty stitches, narrow, knit six, narrow, knit seven, narrow, knit rest of needle. These narrowings are at corners and center of piece knit for top of foot, and are to be repeated every purl, knitting one stitch less every time before first narrowing and continued till all are narrowed. At heel narrow at end of every needle, beginning on ninth purl. Bind off and sew together.

For the drawers, which are also knitted, cast

sew together.

For the drawers, which are also knitted, cast seventy-six stitches, knit three needles; make a row of holes by knitting two stitches, putting wool over and knitting two together; repeat through the needle.

Knit five needles, then make gore by knitting six stitches, knit back; repeat, k nit ting six stitches more each time till there are thirty-six stitches.

stitches more each time till there are thirty-six stitches.

Next knit eight purls (a purl is two needles), then widen one stitch on end of needle on which gore is made, on first needle of every fourth purl five times, which will make twenty purls. Next widen at beginning and end of first needle of every two purls till there are nine-ty-six stitches; the n knit two purls (this makes the body). Next narrow at beginning and end of every other needle, till there are fifty-six stitches left; knit one needle, make row of holes, knitting one stitch, wool over, narrow, repeat to end of needle; knit two needles plain, one seam, one plain, one seam, one plain, one seam, one plain, on which narrow, beginning at end of needle, and continue to narrow every second purl till there are thirty-six stitches left. Knit eleven purls plain, then take the twelve center stitches and knit twelve purls; then knit stitches left on side and pick up ten stitches on each side of top piece. Knit five needles, bind off. Knit another leg like this except beginning gore at end of needle instead of beginning. This reverses it so as to make a pair. Sew up the legs, then pin and sew body, making gore on either leg join. Make cord and run in holes made at top and at knee.

The jacket here shown is crocheted, and the metasticle required are two skeins.

knee.
The jacket here shown is crocheted, and the materials required are two skeins of cream colored saxony wool, two-fold for the body,—one skein of colored, three-fold for yoke and

Yoke—One hundred and one chain. First row: twenty-four single crochet, taking up back of stitch, to form rib widen on the twenty-fifth and twenty-eighth stitches, forty-four single crochet, then widen the same as the single crochet, then widen the same as the other front. Widen every row, having first two stitches between widenings, then four, six, eight, and to thirty-eight. Always keep twenty-four stitches on front and forty-four stitches between widenings on back.

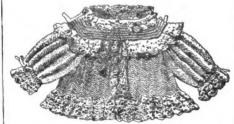
Jacket—First row—One chain for first stitch, single crochet in next two chains, long crochet in sevent three chains three single crochet.

single crochet in next two chains, long crochet in next three chains, three single crochet, three long crochet, three single crochet, three long crochet, three single crochet, three long crochet, three single crochet, ending in last chain of point, nineteen chain for armhole, three long crochet beginning in the last chain of point on back (eight long groups and seven of the crochet last there are no other

short groups) on back, then same on other front. Break off every row. Second row—One chain, three single crochet, Second row—One chain, three single crochet, three single crochet in point, five single crochet, long crochet in next three chain. Three single crochet, three long crochet, in point on back, five single crochet, and so on across the back, then same on front.

Third row—One chain, three single crochet, three in point, seven single crochet, three in point, seven single crochet, and so on.

Fourth row-One chain, three single crochet,



three in point, nine single crochet, three in point, nine single crochet and so on.

Fifth row—One chain, three single crochet,

Fifth row—One chain, three single crochet, three in point, four single crochet, skip one chain, one single crochet, skip one chain, one single crochet, skip one chain, four single crochet, three in point and so on, thirty rows of single crochet, long twenty-two points around sack (four on front eight on back and three under arm).

Border—First row—Three chain, then six long crochet in point, one long crochet in third chain, and so on, three rows back and forth, beginning on wrong side of white, then one row of white all around except the neck, then chain of color (three chain in every chain for edge).

for edge).

Collar—Fifty long crochet in every other chain, two rows of white like border, chain of

color.

Sleeve—First row—Begin midway under arm, three single crochet, three long crochet, opposite others and so on (seven long crochet groups, six single crochet groups over shoulder), (four single crochet groups, three single crochet groups under arm), thirty-one rows single crochet long, make same of body of sack.

sack.

Cuff—Draw together with chain in every other chain of color, then long crochet in every other chain: (thirty-one) three rows of white, chain of color like border. Frill around yoke

Three Chain Edge.

CROCHET TERMS.

Ch, chain; sc, single crochet; dc, double crochet; tc, treble crochet; stc, short treble crochet; dtc, double treble crochet; p, picot.

All of the new woven laces that are used for trimming the cotton dresses this season are very odd in their construction of pattern. They have open work on one side and scallops or some fine stitches on the other side of the point. Those who can use the hook in making lace for themselves will perhaps find this pattern of

use.
A chain of six, fasten with a slip stitch and turn

turn.

Ch 5, 1 tc, *ch 2, 1 tc, * repeat four times.
*ch 3, 1 sc, *repeat three times. Under each ch 2, put 1 sc, 2 tc, 1 sc, go down and back with ch 3, 1 sc, twice, then ch 6, filled with 12 tc.
All the open work is made of the ch 3, 1 sc, and can be seen by the illustration where it should be made.

After the open work, make ch 6 and fill with 12 tc, open work on the 12 tc make 6 holes of ch 2, 1 tc, fill each hole with 3 sc, continue open work.

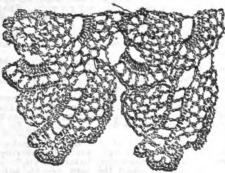
Make ch 20, on this chain, make 8 holes. fill

Make ch 20, on this chain, make 8 holes, fill each hole with 3 sc, making 6 in the extreme end of ladder so that it will lie flat. Having finished the ladder make open work between it and the scallop below.

Cross the ladder and make 3 p of 5 ch each, fill with 6 sc, turn and work back with sc over the picets.

the picots.

There are four rows of open work on the lad-der. When going toward the point fill last three



THREE CHAIN EDGE.

chains with 6 sc; work back with sc, and con-tinue open work to the straight edge. Each Vandyke is made separately and joined as in illustration.

Pinwheel Circle.

This little wheel may be used for a variety of things. I do not claim it as original, for I took the idea from the pinwheel lace, so will "go snacks" with its author on originality. I have made (by varying the thread) pin-cushion covers, toilet sets, baby carriage covers, plastrons, aprons, laces, and many other articles. The pin-cushion covers may be made to fasten diamond shape or square as preferred, on blue silk. Plastrons are made of 40 or 50 cotton. Very handsome aprons are made of a strip of ribbon handsome aprons are made of a strip of ribbon or muslin and a row of circles, the ribbon be-ing sewed into points at the bottom.

1. Make a ch of 30 stitches, join round; into this make 30 tr, 4 ch, turn.
2. 1 tr, 1 ch into each stitch of last row, 25

ch. turn.

3. 1 tr into 10th stitch (from needle) of ch, 2 ch, miss 2, 1 tr into next, 2 ch, miss 2, 13 tr in remainder of ch, fasten to ring of tr with 1

sc, ch 8, turn.
4. 1 tr with 2 ch between, in the 8th, 10th, 12th, and 14 stitches of last row, ch 8, turn.
5. *Tr on tr, 2 ch, repeat once, 13 tr under 8 ch, fasten to tr in ring.

Make 16 of these arms, fastening first and last together. Join the wheels together by catching the 7 ch in end to 7 ch of other pinwheel.

In spaces made by joining wheels together use the tiny circles, worked as follows: LITTLE WHEEL. Ch 30, join; in this ring

work 32 tr, ch 5, turn.

2. Catch in 2d stitch, ch 4, catch in 4th stitch, continue this around, making 16 holes,

ch 5, turn.
3. Fasten in 1st ch loop, ch 5, fasten in next

3. Fasten in 15t Galacty,
loop, repeat.
4. Like 3d row, having 6 ch instead of 5.
If smaller pinwheels are desired, put less stitches into the ring, and make a less number of arms, and if the inner ring is too large, use double stitches instead of treble. By staining the wheels with coffee they become a rich eoru, and combine beautifully with blue. If desired, I will send directions for lace I have made of this.

JOSIE K. PURDY.

Polka Dot Tatted Medallion.

There is nothing more popular in tatting and crochet work than medallions. Joined together they can be put to a great variety of uses in the way of centrepieces for the dining-table, large and small doilies, applied work for bureau scarfs, buffet and five o'clock table-covers, tidies, pincushion and sofa pillow covers.

When applied to linen as a decoration for corners, ends, etc., the medallions are first basted firmly in place, and are then buttonhole-stitched around the entire outer edge with embroidery cotton. The linen is then cut away underneath, leaving the design, which thus shows to the best advantage.

1st row—With 1 shuttle, 12 double, and 6 picots, close the ring.

2d row—With 2 shuttles, knot the threads into 1 of the picots of the first ring; 1 picot, 2 double, 1 long picot, 2 double, pass

picot, 2 double, pass the right hand thread through 1 of the picots of the ring, 1 pic ot, 2 double, and so on. After the 12th pi-cot, fasten off the threads the threads on the wrong side by 2 or 3 stitches.

side by 2 or 3 stitches.

3d row—
POLKA DOT MEDALLION.

With 1 shuttle, 3 double, 2d row, make 3 double, close the ring, leave one-eighth of an inch of thread, turn the work; 4 double, 1 picot, 4 double, close the ring, leave again one-eighth of an inch of thread, making space one-eighth of an inch long.

4th row—With 2 shuttles, fasten the ends to 1 of the picots of the 12 rings of the third row, 3 double, 1 picot, 3 double. With one shuttle, 3 double, 1 picot, 2 double. With one shuttle, 3 double, 1 picot, 2 double, pass the thread through the picot, 2 double, 1 picot, 3 double, close the ring. Close to this 3 double, pass the thread through the 2d picot of the 1st ring, 3 double, 1 picot, 3 double, close the ring. Again close to the last ring, 3 double, pass the thread through the picot of the 2d ring, 2 double, 1 picot, 3 double, close the ring. With two shuttles, 3 double, pass the thread through the second picot of the 3d ring, 3 double, fasten the thread to the picot of the ring of the 3d row, and repeat 11 times from *.

5th row—With 2 shuttles, 6 double and 2 picots over the lower rings, and 10 double and 4 picots over the upper rings. Repeat all around, joining the picots of the figures of the 4th row between the two short loops, as the work proceeds. Worked with coarse thread, several of these medallions, over scarlet or blue, make a beautiful tidy.

these medallions, over scarlet or blue, make a beautiful tidy.

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What Women Wear.

Autumn Hints on What to Wear and How to Make It.

ARLY fall calls for duck and pique coat suits, which are inexpensive, yet fashionable, and suitable for the

Black and white goods still con-

tinue to be the most popular.

Bold and daring are the September hats; many of these hats are frimmed with both fruits and flowers combined; for instance, cherries and the cherry blossoms and any other flowers with their fruits which suit the wearer.

The heavy course straw is much used and a The heavy coarse straw is much used and a popular color in hat decoration is green.

Many of the new autumn skirts are made with yokes, and for cool days dresses are made

of cashmere French flannel, or other soft woolen

A serviceable coat is developed in red cloth

finished with stitching, for a young girl.

Serge, cheviot and mohair are popular goods Light gray homespun makes a smart suit, with a finish of braid.

Dark blue serge can be made up with pipings

of black silk.

of black silk.

Crimson mohair with white braid trimmings is quite stylish for a little girl.

Fawn colored broadcloth will be stylish with large pearl buttons, for cloaks.

Little boys' coats are made on the double breasted box coat order, with turned back cuffs, any style of inexpensive material can be used with good effect. Red serge makes a pretty suit, trimmed with white collar and shield. Suits of plaid and sailor blouse of white flannel, alpaca and serge of any color can be made with good taste and effect for the small boys.

An attractive hat for early autumn is of heavy brown straw trimmed with brown berries and

green leaves.

Hats of all green are worn with black dress Many shades of green are combined on one hat but very great care must be taken in the blend-ing of these trying shades.

Answers to Correspondents.

Answers to Correspondents.

Miss Mary B., Trenton, O.—Your pale blue alpaca will add quite an attraction to your wardrobe. Put it in good shape for remodeling, then trim in bands of blue silk, a shade darker; graduate them from the bottom of the skirt to the knee; then begin again with a wide band and graduate to the belt; trim the bodice in the same kind of bands, graduating from the high collar to the belt; trim the sleeve in like manner, and finish the pouch at the waist with a band of silk; a wide sash of the blue silk is worn with this dress. (2) Do over the black taffeta silk; make it over with white, using both black and white lace. (3) A short coat with facings of moire, is as simple a coat as can be made, and yet very much up to date. This coat can be made short or three-quarters length, as preferred, with a coat sleeve or bell-shaped.

Miss Mollie R., Richmond, Va.—You can combine

be made short or three-quarters length, as preferred, with a coat sleeve or bell-shaped.

Miss Mollie R., Richmond, Va.—You can combine blue with green, but the blending is, most certainly, to be wisely considered, and the shading also. The parrot green and hyacinth blue can live in harmony, with more real satisfaction than most of the color combinations of the present date. The main color of the gown, however, must be blue, and the green comes in as an accessory. The selecting of the shades and colors and putting them together, requires a very careful and tasteful consideration, or else the gown is an entire failure. If managed rightly the effect is quite pretty. For instance, a blue biouse can be made to be worn with the solid blue skirt. Cut the blouse of taffeta silk, then set in narrow bands of green silk, and cover these bands with an open stitch in blue embroidery tilk. This decoration is to be used only on the front and on the sleeves, collar and cuffs. The back of the blouse can be tucked diagonally, straight across, or lengthwise, and buttoned with small green silk buttons. This gown may be worn with a blue straw hat, trimmed with blue and a delicate touch of green; the note of green, if in harmony with the shade of blue, will produce an effect extremely smart and attractive.

Mrs. M. L. Columbus, Ky.—A suitable gown for an elderly person of quiet tastes can be made of

Mrs. M. L. Columbus, Ky—A suitable gown for an elderly person of quiet tastes can be made of gun metal gray goods, and an inexpensive one also; make a plain, gored, flared skirt, above the hen place three wide tucks; and the bodice is made with pin plaits falling from the shoulders half way down the front of the waist with full blouse at the belt. The V shaped neck opens over a collar and front of white slik; finish the bishop sleeve also with pin plaits. Lavender colored silk can be used instead of the white for the collar and front of the bodice, and a piece of lavender silk forms the girdle. This combination makes quite a becoming and also quite a serviceable gown.

Miss Martha N., Ashland, O.—An early fall coat

miss Martha N., Ashland, O.—An early fall coat suit of tan colored, light weight cloth will be what you need, the skirt laid in box plaits and stitched with silk of the new currant red in many lines, this stitching forming a narrow point at the lower end where the folds are released to form a graceful fullness above the hem. The coat collar is trimmed with narrow bands of the velvet which are joined together by heavy black lace inserting, and then put on the collar. This is worn with a red silk waist. Red seems to take the lead, especially the fruit reds, in many of the fall costumes as well as lin hats. Bright red pipings are also used upon gowns in plain colors. Hats of red straw garnished with black velvet ribbon are a most becoming and fashionable head wear. Small capes are also being made to wear with early fall gowns.

made to wear with early fall gowns.

Miss D., Briceville, Tenn.—The ecru veiling is always advisable, no matter what the design may be: a little alteration will change it from a summer to an evening gown for winter. It can be trimmed with guipure lace, pointed yoke effect, and long sleeves of lace, tight from the wrist to the elbow, tucking the top of the sleeve of veiling half way down, to fall in a pouch at the elbow. The flounce on the skirt may be headed by inserting put on in deep pointed design.

Mrs R K. Oneids S. D.—Vour, old time flowered.

ing put on in deep pointed design.

Mrs. B. K., Oneids, S. D.—Your old time flowered silk dress is lovely, and will make an "up to date" gown of exquisite development. You certainly should be congratulated on its possession. Flowered materials both in silk and all the gauzy goods are the novelless of the present season.

Mrs. Mrs. M. J., Pendleton, S. C.—How can I make a morning dress of linen of any color? Quite a comfortable and very stylish design is blouse effect, cut it surplice, and fasten with loops of heavy cord, and pearl buttons. This can be worn with or without a shield. With the skirt of linen you have a serviceable and most durable costume.

Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. M. Ward B. L. Ward B. L. Ward R. Ward R. L. Ward

Mrs. Kate S., Howard, R. I.—For early autumn wear, the black taffeta silk can be worn with a white mohair waist embroidered in blue or stitching done in red, or in pale green which is the shade so much in demand. A sash of satin Liberty ribbon would give this costume an extremely smart and graceful finishing touch.

Mrs. N. W., Beaumont, Ps.—An evening gown, of any the thin, gauzy goods so much in vogue, would be quite pretty for a lady of forty, made of black satin striped gauze over white; mingle a bit of turquoise blue trimming, in sweet and simple harmony of design, and you certainly will enjoy the wearing. Have it made in any of the pretty new styles to suit the figure of the wearer.

Mary, Armenia, N. D.—The heavier grades of linen duck would make an advisable skirt; make with a circular founce not too wide, or folds of the

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same. This duck would also be suitable for the driving trip, worn with any waist. A small coat of any kind can be added if the weather calls for it. (2) No, as the autumn, hazy days creep upon us, we will for out-door wear put aside the Eton sleeve, and substitute the bishop or any long desirable one.

sirable one.

Mrs. W. Apex, N. C.—Yes, anything in white is what you should wear; it adds size and comfort also. Wear your skirts long and very plain in style if you wish to look taller. (2) Short jackets would suit you. (3) Dark colors for the street and all those of more brilliant hue for the evening gowns.

Mrs. Edith L., Garfield, N. M.—I would advise the crepon renovated and retrimmed; crepon is holding its own admirably while the newer ones are somewhat softer than those of other days, yet all are worn. Your crepon dress can be altered nicely; cut it over by a late pattern using new linings, and trim the skirt with taffeta silk, with one or two flounces. Use the silk on the bodice in any pretty way suitable to the wearer; a bit of ecru lace or inserting will freshen up the waist.

Mrs. B., Beverly, N. J.—Your coat should not be tight fitting in the front, but tight in the back; stout women should avoid too much trimming of any kind; never wear horizontal lines. Any tight clinging garment will be becoming.

Mrs. S., Candia, N. H.—Your very wide black silk will produce on attractive and wort observed.

clinging garment will be becoming.

Mrs. S., Candia, N. H.—Your very wide black silk skirt will produce an attractive and most charming result from your patience, skill and labor. Rip and wipe well with alcohol; press carefully on the wrong side over something black to prevent linting. Cut by one of the new, pretty, clinging skirt putterns and trim with bias folds to simulate tucks; head each fold from the bottom of the skirt running to the belt with narrow gimp. The waist can be made of black mouselline or dotted Swiss; this is tucked in three deep tucks across the waist below the armholes the width of the fold on the skirt; each tuck headed with the gimp. The same tucking is arranged at the lower part of the bishop sleeve.

Miss Blanche R., Hartwell, Mo.—Yes, the foulard

Miss Blanche R., Hartwell, Mo.—Yes, the foulard can be lengthened by using a ruffle of black net; as it is black with a lavender flower design you can trim the ruffle in five or seven rows of lavender satin ribbon, also decorate the bodice in like manner.

manner.

Maud, Newberry, Mich.—I would suggest for early fall a dress of light weight serge trimmed in bands of silk Scotch piaid. As it is to be worn by a young Miss, it could be made gored skirt trimmed with six bands of plaid. The waist may be cut in any becoming style, and trimmed with the bands, box plait, back and front. Place the narrow silk band between the plaits, all the way to the belt, a yoke effect. The sleeves are still holding the effect of early summer, "bagging" below the elbow. These may be box-plaited across the top and gathered into a cuff, trimmed with bands of the silk.

Miss K., Alvin, Ill.—Yes, French knots will trim

ered into a cuff, trimmed with bands of the silk.

Miss K., Alvin, Ill.—Yes, French knots will trim
a flannel blouse very prettily. Use any design. If
the flannel is blue, then use shaded blue silk for
the knots, and an outlining through them of black.
If the blouse is of brown flannel, use orange-colored silk for the knots, and a dash of white outlining. Do not make any of these decorations
elaborate for a blouse.

Mark I. Whene Miss. Make the laws shirt

Mrs. L. L., Winona, Miss.—Make the lawn skirt tucked diagonally; this adds to the smartness of the gown very greatly. It will take more goods, but site; all, it will consume more time than money. You will have a dainty skirt in this way. Add a tucked flounce, and trim the waist in the same manner. Any simple lace, or insertion, can be used. Lace seems to be the favorite finish for all garments.

all garments.

Miss Martha V., Advance, Ind.—The colored autumn linens for waists should not be stamped. For the cross stitch, baste on scrim, and work over it, for the cross stitch, as in days of yore. When the stitching is finished, cut out the scrim.

Mrs. Dora H., Cambridge, Idaho.—No shade or color overrules the immense popularity of white. It will be worn as the cooler weather approaches on into midwinter in all sorts of heavier goods. (2) For a blouse, coarse white basket cloth in cotton would be suitable, ornamented with French knots.

Mrs. Nora W., Shelbyville, Ky.—The baby's cloak could be made of cashmere or any soft wool material in the most simple and babylike design. Line it with India silk or any soft inexpensive lining and do not make it longer than two or three inches below the skirt. The cloak for baby must be warm but not heavy.

be warm but not heavy.

Miss Susan R., Richmond, Va.—"Liberty Brilliant" is a name given to a soft clinging all silk goods, it drapes gracefully and has a satin finish. It is seen in street gowns as well as evening wear.

Miss Gertrude L., East River, Tenn.—Everything is ruffling, flouncing and blousing; "simplicity" sits in sackcloth and ashes. (2) Yes, make every garment in the most "trimmed up" style. After all the lavish use of many different kinds of transparent fabric all the summer season, we hear a distant rustle in the close approaching autumn air which forctells of accessories yet unheard of for the finishing touches of the more weighty material, which are so soon to take the place of the summer novelties.

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Talks Girls.

Conducted by Cousin Marion.

In order that each cousin may be answered in this column, no cousin must ask more than three questions in one month.

HE summer is over, my dears, and the autumn is coming with its harvests of the year, and may it bring to you some of the good things that the deserving do not always fail to get. September is a pleasant month, and may you all enjoy it. Now let us to work.

Now let us to work.

The first to come with her questions is Cousin Daffodil of Montrose, Iowa, and she wants to know if a girl likes a man and he doesn't know it what should she do to let him find out? Dear me, oh, dear me. If he is so stupid as not to find out for himself, for goodness sake, Daffodil, don't do anything to let him know. How can you like such a stupid person?

Myrtle, Winchester, N. D.—August 31st, 1885, fell on Monday, and February 19th, 1889, fell on Tuesday.

Honeysuckle, Lebanon, Ohio.—Of course you must not correspond with a young man to whom your parents object. (2) If you are not engaged to the young man with whom you are corresponding, you may go with the young man at your home. (3) If the young man does not write to you, let him go, and don't bother over people who don't care for you.

Seline, St. Sylvester, P. Q.—Girls and boys of sixteen and eighteen have no business being engaged.

(2) No girl should marry before she is twenty-one; better wait till she is twenty-five.

(3) No kissing except between engaged couples; and not too much of it then.

M. B., Montrose, Ia.—The only way to treat a strange man who attempts to force his attentions upon you is to ask some decent man, policeman or otherwise, to take him in hand and rid you of him. "Mashers," as they are called, ought to be tarred and feathered and driven to the woods.

and feathered and driven to the woods.

Mary and Fan, Utica, N. Y.—Ask the young man what he means by calling steadily once a week. He may mean to rob the house. (2) "Huggybuggles" are very improper.

Belva, Alton, Pa.—It is not improper to place flowers on the desk of the Professor you like, but it is not commendable. Don't do it.

B. and T., Tecumseh, Neb.—The only way to secure beaus is to make yourselves attractive in a sweet, womanly way. Nice men like that better than anything. (2) There are many "latest historical novels." Some of them are "A Virginian," "The Mississippi Bubble," "The Conquerer," "Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall," and "Hearts Courageous."

Jackson, Miss.—Some one, who siers no contractions and the state of the stat

Jackson, Miss.—Some one, who signs no name of any kind, asks a whole lot of questions which she wants answered as they are written. They are as to what is proper, and I can answer all of them by a simple No. She should not do any of the things she asks about.

she asks about.

Sweetheart, Cooperstown, Pa.—Sixteen is too young to formally receive men's attentions. (2) Treat your escort home as pleasantly and politely as you know how, but not effusively. You may invite him in, even though it is the first time he has taken you home, if it is not late, or at any hour if the other members of the family are about and the house is still open.

Percentage of the family are about and the house is still open.

Rosebud, Brownstone, Ilis.—You may visit the home of your fiance for any length of time, provided his people ask you to. (2) Opals are not bad luck for anything, but they are not used as engagement rings. Only a diamond. (3) No time is set on engagements. It is a matter to be determined by those most interested.

Ignorance, Rochester, N. Y.—Your mother is probably a better judge of young men than you are and you will do well not to encourage any one to whom she objects.

whom she objects.

Innocence, Marksville, La.—You are a little young, possibly, to marry, but under the circumstances, I think I would not wait two years. If the man is all right and able to support you, marry any time this autumn. (2) The engagement ring is worn on the third finger of the left hand. You might let near friends see what is inside of it. (3) The young man should return the letters without being asked, when the engagement is broken.

Blue Eves. Alma. Wis.—August 5th. 1882 fell on

Blue Eyes, Alma, Wis.-August 5th, 1882 fell on

A. C. R., Cleveland, O.—A letter addressed to either man, New York City, will be delivered. Don't know their street numbers, but it is not nec-essary.

Three Hayseeds, Sprague, Wash.—Ask your mother. (2) May 14th, 1880, fell on Friday; July 9th, 1888, Monday. (3) What kind of a "bow" do you mean? A bow of ribbon?

A bow of ribbon?

Unhappy Girl, Carroll Co., Md.—Under all the circumstances I think you and the young man should talk your affair over thoroughly, and come to some kind of positive agreement. Of course your mother will oppose it, but if the young man is worthy and can support you your mother's prejudice may be overcome. Do not be in a hurry to marry, because that may make matters worse. Be sure you are right before you go ahead.

Dew Drop, Manchester, Ia.—There is no such place known for a certainty. You will have to send your stories in and see what the editor thinks of them. Try your local editor first and get his opin-

L. J., Helens, Mon.—There is no cure for blushing except self-possession. Study to be unconscious of yourself. Think about other people and what they are like, and get your mind off of your

Who sell.

Violet, Hartwell, Neb.—If the man is worthy, the objection of the parents should not be considered. Prejudices may be overcome. (2) When a man is in love with a girl she will always know it, unless he is a knave and she is stupid. (3) Don't exchange photographs except with your parents' consent.

Western Beauty, St. Francis, Kans.—You are too young, if I am able to judge from the questions you ask.

Nell, Greensboro, N. C.—Tell the young man who is staying in the house that it is bed time, when the hour has come. He may know himself that as a house visitor he should not stay in the parlor any longer than if he were merely making a call. (2) On coming in after the family has retired, simply to to your respective rooms. go to your respective rooms.

go to your respective rooms.

Cinderella, Saint Francis, Kans.—If he wants to propose he will do so, and if he does not, do you think it would be pleasant for you to fish around and find out that he didn't want you? It is not your place to take the lead. (2) It is not unlady-like to stop on the street to talk with a man, but the conversation should be brief. (3) You might give a man a simple scarfpin, but no expensive jew-eiry.

M. S., Fairmount, Texas.—Men don't usually give watches to ladies unless they are engaged to them, and not often then; but if the lady accepts one she wears it. (2) A solitaire diamond is the engagement ring and it is worn on the third finger of the left hand.

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ofore us. AMERICAN SUPPLY CO., 806-8 M. Main St., Dept. 57, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Troubled Girl, Hill Side City, N. Y.—If there is no objection to the man except that he is a Catholic, you might take that risk, though such marriages are not always the happiest. If you love him and he loves you the church part of it may be disregarded, also the mother's opposition. (2) I do not see any impropriety in acting as his stenographer.

Sweetheart, Krug, Md.—April 22, 1887, fell on Friday; April 17, 1880, fell on Saturday.

There, dears, all your questions are answered, and I hope you will take them to heart and think them over and get all the good out of them that is intended. By, by.

COUSIN MARION.

Manners and Looks.

"Virtue itself offends, when coupled with forbidding manners."-Bishop Middleton.

Miss M. D. Ithaca, Mich.—There are many books on etiquette, and they range in price from twenty-five cents to a dollar and a half. Mrs. Sherwood's "Manners and Social Usages" is one of the best, price \$1.50. Ask your book-store man to get it for

price \$1.50. Ask your book-store man to get it for you.

May Blossom, Pella, Ia.—Which one of a couple must give up his or her church for the other is a matter to be settled between them. Neither has a greater claim than the other, if both are church members. (2) Complexion hasn't anything to do with choosing a mate, I fancy. Blondes and brunettes may choose as they please. (3) Yes.

Beatrice, Drakesboro, Ky.—Sixteen year old girls should wear their dresses just below the shoe-top, depending somewhat on the height and size of the girl. Some girls of that age are larger than their mothers, and a large girl must dress more like a woman than a girl. (2) To remove freckles dissolve in half an ounce of lemon juice, one ounce of Venice soap and add a quarter ounce each of oil of bitter almonds and deliquated oil of tartar. Let the mixture remain in the sun till it becomes a paste, then add three drops oil of rhodium and keep for use. Apply as follows: Wash the face at night with elderflower water, and anoint with the paste. Wash it off in the morning with rosewater, used copiously. (3) What is said to be a fine hair restorer is made as follows: Sugar of lead half ounce; alcohol, half gill; glycerine, three ounces; tincture of cantharides, half ounce; ammonia, half ounce. Mix all in one pint of soft water. The hair must be perfectly clean before applying, and the mixture must be rubbed into the roots.

Violet, Heartwell, Neb.—The best way for a girl of sovarteen to do not be a first to be content to the roots.

violet, Heartwell, Neb.—The best way for a girl of seventeen to do up her hair is to choose the most becoming way. It does not matter if it is not quite what is fashionable if it makes her look better that way than any other. The Pompadour is probably more worn than any other, but it is not becoming to many faces.

Miss M. G. H.: Cleveland, O.—Why not advertise

Miss M. G. H., Cleveland, O.-Why not advertise your hair remover in "Comfort?"

your hair remover in "Comfort?"

Gum Drop, Smoot, Wyo.—There is no set form for asking a man to call. Simply tell him you would be glad to have him call. (2) A lady may go with as many men to ice cream in one evening as she can find room for the ice cream. There is no rule. (3) No, the lady should keep her gloves on. (4) If there is no room at her own house, the lady should borrow the parlor of some friend. This is often done with those who have small houses. (5) Basket ball, yes. (6) No.

Haveed Sprague Wash. See answer above to

Hayseed, Sprague, Wash.—See answer above to

Ignor, Rochester, N. Y.—It is proper to ask a man to call, and to tell him what time you will be at home. If you have no time definitely when you re-ceive callers, it is enough to ask him to call.

ceive callers, it is enough to ask him to call.

Katie, St. Peter, Minn.—It may be proper enough
for two ladies and two men to leave the ballroom
to go for a walk, but it is not usual, and ladies in
ball costume are not in walking condition ordinarily. (2) Not in the best society, but possibly in the
"Bowery". (3) A lady who was at all diffident
would scarcely permit herself to be the only woman
in a company of men, no matter how elegant the
company might be.

company might be.

Married Lady, Farmer City, Ills.—No reply is necessary. (2) Fold your napkin loosely only, and lay it beside your plate. (3) A formal bow is sufficient in speaking to men or women. A smile is always agreeable. (4) A pretty neck needs no necklace, but if one is worn let it be simple. (5) Tannin will not make the lips thin that we have ever heard of. Nothing will. (6) Lemon juice is not hurtful to skin or stomach if not used to excess. (7) Don't know about the lotion formula you submit. Try it and see if it is effective.

Reatrice Turner, Mecumseh, Neb—For blacks.

it and see if it is effective.

Beatrice Turner, Mecumseh, Neb.—For black-heads there is no certain cure. Eat plain food for the blood and take plenty of exercise. Wash the face in warm water and soap, using a sof flesh brush. As a lotion use a mixture of pure brandy, two ounces; cologne, one ounce; liquor of potassa, one half ounce. Apply at night after pressing the blackheads out, and thoroughly washing the face in hot water and soap.

blacknesses out, and thoroughly washing the face in hot water and soap.

Belva, Alton, Pa.—You may say either "Beg your pardon", or "Pardon me", with a preference for the latter. But do not use it too often. (2) Simply tell him he may go with you, if you want him to go.

Minnie S., Montrose, Ia.—See answer above to 'Violet''.

Blue Bell, Lebanon, O.—At a small dance if two or more couples wish to stroll beyond the dancing room, there is no impropriety in it, especially if the night be warm. It would not be good form at a formal dancing party, though some of the daring might do so.

might do so.

Mrs. D. C. L. Independence, Mo.—It is the custom in the larger cities for ladies to reserve one day in the week when they are at home to callers and callers are expected on that day. If they call at other times they may be received or not as the lady chooses, and they should not criticise her for not being at home on "off days". Ladies should adopt this rule in the smaller towns, where a great deal of valuable time is wasted by indiscriminate callers who "run in" at any bour and don't seem to know when to run out. Of course in the large cities this kind of informal visiting is not possible.

Two Ladies, Oxford, Miss.—We do not know of any place in which the ladies of the town enter into an agreement among themselves to give their

any place in which the ladies of the town enter into an agreement among themselves to give their town more social life by taking turns through the Winter at giving an afternoon reception one day in the week, say, Wednesday, from 3 to 6, but we can readily see what a benefit it would be to all. Such receptions or teas, would be informal, would cost little or nothing for refreshments as the simplest things would be served, people could drop in and out again, even the men could come in for a few minutes, and the whole social life of the place would be encouraged and improved. We heartily recommend your trying it and would advise the ladies of other small towns to do the same. It would not be necessary to send out invitations. All your acquaintances would be welcome, and they could



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SPECIAL GUN CATALOG

bring such visitors as they might have with them. Social life in the small towns is too narrow, and too much in cliques, and it should be broadened by just such a liberal policy as you propose and we should be glad to hear after the season is over, what success you have had.

Kathryn, Paris. Texas.—It is considered "smart" for the lady to drive, but she should have a turnout to match. That is, if she has an old-fashioned buggy with a "Dobbin" of a horse, she ought to let the man do the driving. With a cart and a smart horse, she could take the lines herself.

John K. L., Napoleon, Ind.—The man always takes

John K. L., Napoleon, Ind.—The man always takes his lat off when speaking to a lady in passing, or to a man with a lady whom he does not know. He should keep his hat on when talking to a lady on the street or out of doors generally, though a piaza might not be considered to be out of doors. In a store, while he might remove his hat when he spoke to the lady and keep it off while talking briefly to her, he would put it on again if they remained in company and went about the store together. This rule prevails usually in all public places.

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Mr. Boylan says: "Tuberculozyne (Yonkerman)

has cured me completely of consumption.

"Three years ago I contracted a cough and a cold that hung on and that I could not break up I had hemorrhages and four physicians of this city prohemorrhages and four physicians of this city pro-nounced my case consumption of the lungs and advised me to go South, as they thought it might prolong my life a little. I continued to grow worse until I was very weak and had to quit work. I thought my case hopeless but was persuaded to take Tuberculozyne and to-day I am as well as ever and able to work at my trade (tailor) every day. I have gained 18 pounds and am increasing in weight and Dr. Yonkerman cured me."

day. I have gained is pounds and am increasing in weight and Dr. Yonkerman cured me."

The doctor makes no secret of the ingredients of his wonderful cure, believing that the people are entitled to such a production of science, and he is sending free treatments all over the world bringing joy of knowledge of certain rescue from this awful fatal disease. Such eminent scientists as Koch, Luton, Pasteur and all the great medical and germ specialists and chemists have already repeatedly declared that the consumptive germ repeatedly declared that the consumptive germ cannot live a minute in the presence of the ingredients of this wonderful remedy that has already revolutionized the treatment of consumption and has taken it from the catalogue of deadly fatal diseases and placed it in the curable list. Free treatments, proof of tests, already made and letters from grateful nearles—former consemptions. letters from grateful people—former consumptives rescued from the very jaws of death are sent free to all who write to the Yonkerman Chemical Co., 580 Shakespeare Building, Kalamazoo, Mich. Dr. Yonkerman has organized his own company, despite rich offers from corporations, so that he car spite rich offers from corporations, so that he can be sure that all consumptive sufferers on the face of the earth will have this marvelous and only genuine cure for consumption at a price within the reach of the poorest person. Write to-day. It is a sure cure and the free trial sent you will do you more good than all the medicines, cod-liver oils, stimulants or changes of climate and it will convince you that at last there has been discovered the true cure for consumption. Don't delay—there the true cure for consumption. Don't delay—there is not an hour to lose when you have consumption or any throat or lung trouble. Send to-day for

Ned Todd.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 9.)

torture me. I have lived a terrible life all these years, and it is a wonder that I did not go mad. I lived only with a hope of some day having revenge, and that hope has at last been realized. Here lies the man who has caused me all my woe. And it is no wonder that my own son did not know me, so greatly have I been changed by suffering."

The youth now recognized his father in that mis-shapen cripple, and throwing himself upon his neck, wept:

"Father, father! found at last!"

CHAPTER XX. CONCLUSION.

CHAPTER XX.

CONCLUSION.

After the excitement attending the discovery had somewhat subsided, the sergeant made a short inventory of their losses. They had one man killed, another wounded, while four of the road agents were lying stiff and lifeless upon the ground, their chief one of the number, and they had good reason to believe that two or three of those who had escaped did not get away unscathed. It was a decided victory.

We will state here for the benefit of the reader, that the band of Captain Snell has never been heard of since that night. Those who escaped doubtless were too much afraid of the power of the law, which was capable of reaching out even into the wilderness to protect people, to again openly defy it.

Mr. Holland told his son that his money was buried in a large cavern, which he had accidentally found. He thought that it was in an easterly direction from the hut. Daylight dawned, and they were about to bury the dead robbers before going in search of the cavern of death, which both Archie and Ned Todd knew must be the cavern alluded to, when they were suddenly startled by a wild cry, and Oklahoma Peg suddenly burst from the wood, and running to the side of the road agent chieftain, fell upon her knees and burst into the most frantic fit of weeping.

"Oh, he is dead, he whom I loved, but who was losing his love for me," she cried. Wilder and wilder grew her sobs and cries, until she, in a fit of frenzy, snatched a small silver handled dagger, which she wore in the belt about her waist, and before any one could interfere to prevent her, plunged it to her heart.

Side by side, the road agent and his injured bride were huried. Then the others were nut

neart.

Side by side, the road agent and his injured bride were buried. Then the others were put beneath the sod, and with only a few relies the party set out to find the cavern of death.

Ned Todd's skill and judgment in wood craft again stood them in need. Had it not been for him it is doubtful if they could have fewer.

for him, it is doubtful if they could have found

it.

Archie Holland rode by the side of his crippled fatner, and the latter told him all about his horribic captivity, and how he had prayed for liberty. In that the vengeance of the Lord might fall upon the men who had inflicted such a fearful punishment upon him.

The cavern was reached, and they all entered. Mr. Holland recognized the place. He said that it had evidently been inhabited two hundred years before by some of the old Spanish explorers under De Soto, as he had found a full suit of armor, and two or three old matchlocks of the period.

The gold was buried under the approach to

The period.

The gold was buried under the approach to the natural bridge and it proved to be under the very stone which Archie Holland had knocked over into the torrent below, when he saved the life of the detective by catching him. But for some dust and debris that had settled upon the great iron chest in which the cred. upon the great iron chest in which the gold was kept, it would have been discovered when the loose stone was rolled off from it.
"Here it is, and all right," said the father.
"Now let us reach the settlement as soon as possible, and then we will live happily, my son."

When they returned to the boomers' camp, they found Daisy much improved, and the whole party one week later was ready to start

They reached the city of Abeline, where the

for Kansas.

They reached the city of Abeline, where the youth and his father were to take the train for their eastern home. Before parting from the boomers, Mr. Holland made each of them a present in gold, which to a considerable extent compensated them for their loss in Oklahoma.

Daisy had no relatives left, and Archie Holland had grown to love the poor friendless girl. When she had regained her health, he proposed marriage and was accepted. His father approved the union, and saw no reason of delaying the marriage. After considerable persuasion, the bashful, modest Daisy consented to become his wife at once, and the next day they were married in the little white church, which stands just in the outskirts of Abeline.

A few days later they took their departure. First, before going, Archie paid the sum agreed upon to Major Todd, the border scout and detective, for his very faithful and effective services rendered in the search for his father.

Then with his young wife he went to his old home, where he engaged in a prosperous mercantile business. His crippled father is an inmate of his household, and is pitied by all who know of his great misfortune and suffering. There is no more prosperous and honorable business man in the city where he lives, than Archibald Holland.

THE END.

Those who have read "Ned Todd" will be interested to know that in our next issue we shall commence another thrilling Indian story even more interesting and exciting than that which finishes above. The October number will contain the first chapters of

> JACK HARKAWAY OUT WEST AMONG THE INDIANS, by Bracebridge Heming.

You cannot afford to miss one chapter of this exciting story of adventure, so if you are not a subscriber or if your subscription expires with this number send 10c. with the coupon which you will find on page II of this paper.

Is your name in the list on page 15? If it is it may pay you to get a copy of "Comfort's List of Heirs." Send in coupon at foot of

The Home Finder.

Paid up subscribers who desire to make a change in their resent situation or are in any way uncomfortable in their bode and want information about ony particular location in any State in the Union can address "The Comfort Home Finder," Augusta, Maine, and we will try and serve them.

Notice. Many of those applying for information to this column ask us to advertise their property for them by calling the attention of home seekers to their possessions. We cannot do this except at the usual advertising rates. We can only refer seekers to persons in authority who will furnish information in detail for the benefit of their respective states and neighborhoods.

E. S. West, Stafford, Conn.—Our advice is not to try fox raising in Alaska unless you have unlimited capital. If you have money you can employ men to live on a fox island, but if you tried it yourself you would soon wish you were back in Connecticut. The climate is cold and damp, especially on the island, and you would be about as lonely as Robinson Crusoe was. The fox raising in Alaska is done either by natives, or companies with capital who employ natives to do the work.

Emma Wigglesworth, Altavista, Mo.—We know of no Ozark Mountain circulars. Write to Geo. P. Ellis, Secretary State Board of Agriculture, Columbia, Mo., for information, stating to him just what you want to know. Don't leave it to him to tell you, but ask the questions to cover all points.

Louis C. Gregory, Floresville, Texas—Your question is not in our line. Write to the editor of any agricultural paper in your state inclosing postage for reply.

Mrs. Laura Powell, Pollak, Texas—We are not

Louis C. Gregory, Floresville, Texas—Your question is not in our line. Write to the editor of any agricultural paper in your state inclosing postage for reply.

Mrs. Lawra Powell, Pollak, Texas—We are not landscape gardeners in this department and would not like to offer advice at this distance. In our opinion, however, you are as good a judge where to place your trees and shrubs as a professional would be, and better than any book could tell you. Set them out to suit your own taste and you will be better satisfied than if you had some one else to do it for you by rules of gardening that you did not understand. The chief point to be observed in setting out shade trees is to locate them where they will furnish shade where it is most needed during the hottest hours of the day. Comfort is of more value in this regard than rules of Art.

Mrs. Mary Robinson, Widdowfield, Wyo.—Write to Commissioner of Public Lands, Washington, D. C. and to Hon. J. H. Vaughn, Territorial Treasurer, Santa Fe, N. M., for information concerning desert lands. New Mexico has over fifty-five million acres of public lands subject to entry and settlement, over fourteen millions of which are not yet surveyed.

M. D., Niangua, Mo.—We do not know the school laws of Arkansas, but you can get all information by writing to State Superintendent of Schools, Little Rock. There is something over three millions of acres of public lands in Arkansas, most of which we fancy is hardly tillable. Write to Land Commissioner, Washington, D. C., or to Hon. Frank Hill, Commissioner of Agriculture, Little Rock, Ark. We fancy you would find as many teachers in Arkansas as you do in Missouri. If you are determined to teach why not write to the War Department at Washington, D. C., or to Hon. Frank Hill, Commissioner, washington and find out about schools in the Philippines?

Old Man, East Kingston, N. H.—We do not know positively, but we believe there is no part of the country where stomach troubles may be benefited by climatic conditions. In some localities where th

Thomas K., Batavia, Ohio.—Write to J. R. Young, Humboldt, Tenn., for proposition to go into stock raising.

Thomas K., Batavia, Ohlo.—Write to J. R. Young, the West, Corning, N. Y.—Lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering and it would be hard to say what are lumbering at the recovered with merchantable time is believed to be covered with merchantable time is believed there. We will be for would like the would be hard to say what are lumbering at the recovered with merchantable time is believed to be covered with merchantable time is believed the would like the west of the same o

residence, though rents are high, a very ordinary house bringing from \$25 to \$50 a month.

Miss K. I. J., Madison, Wis.—A boarding house in Seattle would probably pay if you were skillful in keeping it, and had good business sense. Proces are not high there, six to ten dollars a week, for one person in a room, according to house and style, and higher than ten in some instances. Provisions are higher than ten in some instances. Provisions are higher than ten in western markets, but not very much. Help is the largest item of expense, cooks being worth from \$30 to \$50 a month, and house girls \$20. Rent is also high in good neighborhoods. Fuel is the least expense, as the winters are never cold, and little fire goes a long way, though in some years some fire is necessary every month in the year for a day or two at a time.

M. I. K., Doyleston, Pa.—Real estate almost anywhere along the Maine coast is high in price, as compared with rough land elsewhere. The entire section has become very popular as a resort for summer people from the cities east of the Mississippi, and they are people with money who are willing to pay for what they want. There are many desirable places, however, where you could get very good value for your \$5,000. Pretty much the same condition exists along the south shore of Connecticut, where prices are even higher in favored localities. You get more mosquitoes though for your money in Connecticut than you do in Maine.



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After years of patient study, and delving into the dusty record of the past, as well as following modern experiments in the realms of medical science, Dr. James W. Kidd, 213 Baltes Block, Fort Wayne, Ind., makes the startling announcement that he has surely



DR. JAMES WILLIAM KIDD.

discovered the elixir of life. That he is able with the aid of a mysterious compound. known only to himself, produced as a result of the years he has spent in searching for this precious life-giving boon, to cure any and every disease that is known to the human body. There is no doubt of the doctor's earnestness in making his claim and the remarkable cures that he is daily effecting seems to bear him out very strongly. His theory which he advances is one of reason and based on sound experience in a medical practice of many years. It costs nothing to try his remarkable "Elixir of Life," as he calls it, for he sends it free, to anyone who is a sufferer, in sufficient quantities to convince of its ability to cure, so there is absolutely no risk to run. Some of the cures cited are very remarkable, and but for reliable witnesses would hardly be credited. The lame have thrown away crutches and walked about after two or three trials of the remedy. The sick, given up by home doctors, have been restored to their families and friends in perfect health. Rheumatism, neuralgia, stomach, heart, liver, kidney, blood and skin diseases and bladder troubles disappear as by magic. Headaches, backaches, nervousness, fevers, consumption, coughs, colds, asthma, catarrh, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs or any vital organs are easily overcome in a space of time that is simply marvelous.

Partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, dropsy, gout, scrofula and piles are quickly and permanently removed. It purifies the entire system, blood and tissues, restores normal nerve power, circulation and a state of perfect health is produced at once. To the doctor all systems are alike and equally affected by this great "Elixir of Life." Send for the remedy to-day. It is free to every sufferer. State what you want to be cured of and the sure remedy for it will be sent you free by return mail.

Family Doctor.

o many inquiries are received by COMFORT concerning the health of the family that a column will be devoted to answering them. The remedies and advice here given are intended only for simple cases; serious cases should be referred to physicians, not to us. Address The Family Doctor, Comfort, Augusta, Maina.

Clerk, Pittsburg, Texas.—In reducing your flesh stop eating all fattening foods, that is those with starch or sweetening in them, as cereals, peas, beans, corn, potatoes and such. Have your bread toasted and put salt on it instead of butter. Drink no milk, and just as little water as you can possibly get along with, and make that acid with the juice of lemons or limes. Sleep only seven hours at night, and during the day when you feel like taking a nap, take exercise instead. And take plenty of exercise, five miles for a walk is none too much. Lately it has been announced that a diet of beef and spinach, disregarding all the other foods, will reduce the flesh more quickly and with less danger than any other course. You must in a manner starve yourself or you will continue to gather flesh.

Mrs. D., Bellows Falls, Vt.—We are afraid that

gather flesh.

Mrs. D., Bellows Falls, Vt.—We are afraid that we can do very little toward relieving your asthma. If it is possible for you to make a trip to Denver, or to New Mexico, it would do more good than all the medicines the doctors could give. Of the simpler remedies patients have found relief in inhaling tobacco smoke and some by wearing a gauze veil over the face. Have you ever tried a mixture of honey and castor oil? Two ounces of the best of honey and one ounce of castor oil are the proportions. Take a teaspoonful night and morning. Try some of the patent medicines that are to be had at the drug stores. Very many times they can do what the doctors fall in.

I. H. Greenwich, Kans.—The best thing for

they can do what the doctors fail in.

I. H., Greenwich, Kans.—The best thing for blackheads and red blotches on the face is to get your blood in better condition, which may be done by eating very simple food with the smallest amount of gresse, frequent bathing in hot water, and plenty of exercise in the open air. For local applications to the blackheads use, after squeezing them out, a mixture of pure brandy two ounces, cologue, one ounce, liquor of potassa, one half ounce. Apply at night after washing the face thoroughly with soap and water. As to the red blotches, we cannot venture a local application because we do not know what causes them. You had better consult your home physician.

A Wyoming correspondent writes to say that

had better consult your home physician.

A Wyoming correspondent writes to say that common table salt is a sure cure for hay fever, or at least was in her case and that of a friend of hers. Her experience with it extended over three years, and each year it prevented the disease. She took half a teaspoonful every morning. She does not say how she administered it, but we suppose she snuffed it. The same correspondent says that willow charcoal tablets are almost a specific in cases of headache arising from disordered stomach. We thank the lady, and hope other correspondents with good, simple remedies will submit them.

A. E. L., Covelo, Cal.—There are numerous reme-

with good, simple remedies will submit them.

A. E. L., Covelo, Cal.—There are numerous remedies for falling bair. A famous lotion that will prevent its falling out is made of cologne, two ounces; tincture of cantharides, two drachms; oil of lavender or rosemary, ten drops. Apply morning and night for a time, then at less frequent intervals. If the scalp becomes sore, use less frequently. (2) There is no absolutely harmless hafr dye, because any of them makes the hair unnatural. Any dye that your druggist will recommend is as good as any we can give you a recipe for. (3) Write to A. Simonson, 933 Broadway, New York City. (4) There is no sure cure for catarrh. Some patent medicines are a relief and it is sometimes practically cured by going to some parts of the country, Colorado, New Mexico or Arizona, where the air is perfectly dry.

E. C., West Lake, Minn.—We are afraid we can

E. C., West Lake, Minn.—We are afraid we can not do much for your yellow neck. An excellent wash that may be of some benefit is made of pure oxide of zinc, one ounce; glycerine, one ounce; rosewater, four ounces; essence of rose, fifteen drops. Sift the zinc, dissolving it in just enough of the rosewater to cover it; add the glycerine, and then the rest of the rosewater. Shake well and apply with a soft sponge or antiseptic gauze. The neck must be well wiped off before the liquid dries, or it will be streaked. This does not remove the yellow, it merely hides it. (2) Vaseline thoroughly rubbed into the scalp, but not on all the hair, will make it less dry and sooth the scalp. Use it at intervals of three weeks or a month. (3) If you will take a cold bath every morning, you will be much less liable to take cold. At least soak your feet in cold water every morning, and rub them dry with a rough towel. Wear cotton stockings and loose shoes.

Argus, Evansville, Ind.—Granulated eyelids are

dry with a rough towel. Wear cotton stockings and loose shoes.

Argus, Evansville, Ind.—Granulated eyelids are not to be treated by newspaper remedies, but require the care of an occulist who is thoroughly competent. If the case is merely a slight trouble, a very good remedy, that can do no harm if it does no good, is made of alum powder eight drams, and white of one egg. Shake together until they coagulate. Apply on linen and cover with muslin.

Frank K., Leonardtown, Md.—People do not inherit disease; they inherit only the predisposition. If there is consumption in your family, the wisest thing for you to do is to live in some part of the country where consumption is practically unknown. The high parts of Colorado, the warm, dry plains of Arizona and New Mexico, should be chosen as your home. There with ordinary care of yourself you will live out your three score and ten, as far as consumption is concerned.

Kitty, Jackson, Ark.—Tartar on the teeth is the result of too much acid in the system. It may be removed by taking a sharpened pine stick and dipping it into pulverized pumice stone moistened with lemon juice and rubbing the parts of the teeth affected. Rinse the mouth with warm water. Do not use the pumice stone except when necessary, as it will injure the enamel. Brush your teeth twice a day, using soft water and a brush not too stiff.

Miss Pansy, Wilmington, Del.—If your general health is good your pallor, or lack of color is due

stiff.

Miss Pansy, Wilmington, Del.—If your general health is good your pallor, or lack of color is due largely to lack of oxygen in the blood, and you should stay in the open air as much as possible, and sleep in a room where you can get fresh air all night. During the day get out and take long and frequent breaths of good air. This will get the oxygen into your lungs from where it will go into the blood and supply the deficiency which seems to be lacking. If your general health is not good, your case demands the attention of a physician who can study the conditions and make the proper suggestions for a remedy. Some people are naturally pallid, in which case there is no remedy.

A. Z., Palmyra, Va.—Judging off hand we should

A. Z., Palmyra, Va.—Judging off hand we should say that you have indigestion with its train of discomforts. Suppose you try a diet of plain food, and not very much of it, taking about half a teaspoonful of ordinary cooking soda in a glass of water after each meal. About once a week take a tablespoonful of Glauber salts in a glass of hot water before breakfast. And take plenty of exercise, unless your work is active and in the open air.

John Milligan, Dewey, Ariz.: The address of the lady asking about hay fever is lost, but if you will send your remedy to this paper we will be glad to present it to the public so that all may derive bene-it from it.

Green, Reading, Ohio.—A famous constipation pill is made as follows: one grain podophyllin, one grain extract belladonna, five grains capsicum, and twenty grains powdered rhubarb; mix and divide into twenty pills. Take one three times a day.

H. R. S., San Francisco, Cal.—If you have a formula for curing inflammatory(not "inflamable," as you have it) heumatism in two days you can get all the money you want for it. We would advise your getting it patented at once.

Inquirer, Ely, Minn.—If it is not from too much liquor, the cure of which is to let liquor alone, there is no cure except a course of treatment by a physician, and sometimes not even then. See the physician.

cian.

O. S., Gladden, Mo.—We have supposed you have consulted physicians, if not you should do so. For yourself what might be of great benefit to your difficult breathing would be frequent long inhalations of fresh air. Stand up out of doors and practice long breaths, beginning gently at first. Do it as you progress for five minutes at a time, and any number of times during the day. Evidently you have catarrh but you should find out from a physician whether you have or not. Such a condition as you describe yourself to be in requires much more careful treatment than you could get through a newspaper.

K. M. B., Hagerstown, Md.—Your dizziness, head-

more careful treatment than you could get through a newspaper.

K. M. B., Hagerstown, Md.—Your dizziness, headache, mental depression, etc. are due very evidently to over-eating. You cannot over-load your stomach and expect to keep in a good condition. Don't diet yourself, but actually stop eating. That is, skip a meal every other day for a week, and then skip two for a day or two at a time, until your stomach has a chance to gain its normal strength. You will either have to do this or quit eating altogether, and you know what that means. Don't take any more medicine.

Mrs. M. H. O'D, Knightstown, Ind.—An excellent remedy for the stings or bites of spiders, wasps or bees, is to apply equal parts of common salt and bicarbonate of soda dissolved in warm water, well rubbed in. This will ordinarily give instant relief. Another remedy is one part spirit of hartshorn and two parts olive oil, rubbed in.

Mother, Emporia, Kans.—If you find difficulty in having your children take castor oil, beat it up with the white of an egg until both are thoroughly mixed. You may add a little sugar if you wish, and the children will not object to it, if you do not tell them you are giving them castor oil.

Miss R., Springfield, Vt.—Bad breath may be remedied by taking a teaspoonful of the following

Miss R., Springfield, Vt.—Bad breath may be remedied by taking a teaspoonful of the following mixture after each meal: one ounce liquor of potassa, one ounce chloride of soda, one ounce phose phate of soda, and three ounces of water. If it is the result of bad teeth they must be looked after by a dentist.

the result of bad teeth they must be looked after by a dentist.

K. L. Y., Spokane, Wash.—If your patient is troubled with bed sores apply to them the white of an egg well beaten and mixed with spirits of wine. Another remedy is to bathe them in a mixture of powdered alum and whiskey, one tablespoonful of alum to a teacupful of whiskey.

Hiram H., Rockport, Ind.—You may cure your ingrowing nails by careful treatment and well selected shoes. That is shoes which do not press down on the foot. Get from the druggist some perchloride of iron in fluid form and apply a small quantity to the painful part. Almost immediate relief will be experienced, and presently the skin will begin to dry and harden, and the pain will gradually depart. Let the hardened flesh remain for two weeks or more when it may be removed by soaking the feet in warm water. New and healthy flesh will be found below, and if the nails be cut only at the top and curved, with possibly a groove cut down the top of them, the ingrowing will be prevented and no more trouble will be had with them. In less scrious cases simply scraping the top of the nail with a piece of glass until it is quite thin will prevent growing into the flesh at the side.

Do not be alarmed about your ears until you have tried to restore their faculty, which you saw

quite thin will prevent growing into the flesh at the side.

Do not be alarmed about your ears until you have tried to restore their faculty, which you say seems to be impaired without any reason for it. Inject some tepid water into the ear with that side of the head held upward. Then let the water run out after a minute. Drop in a couple of drops daily of this mixture: ten drops sassafras oil; one fluid drachm of glycerine; half fluid ounce olive oil. A simple cure for earache is to put a wad of cotton in the bowl of a tobacco pipe, saturate it with chloroform, place another dry wad over it, place the stem in the ear and blow through the bowl. The fumes of the chloroform enter and effect an almost immediate cure.

Kate K., Pulaski, Tenn.—Your palpitation of the heart is not true heart disease, and you are in no danger from it if you will be careful to eat only digestible food. You have indigestion and not angina pectoris and a drink of bicarbonate of soda in a glass of hot water after meals will be found to be a remedy. Prevention is better than cure in such cases, and you must diet yourself and take more exercise. Indigestion sometimes kills, and it sometimes makes one feel so bad that he wishes it would be quicker in its fatality.

E. W. C., Parish, Ills.—If your physician cannot ston the running of your ear we will not undertake

E. W. C., Parish, Ills.—If your physician cannot stop the running of your ear we will not undertake the case. A very little mistake may cause you the

loss of your hearing, and we advise you to take advice of a physician, or at least of a druggist may recommend something that can do no har

may recommend something that can do no harm.
Y. T., Corryton, Tenn.—The use of depilatories,
or hair removers, is not recommended, although
some of them are practically harmless. Boudet's
depilatory is said to be very effective and safe. It
is made of three parts hydro-sulphurst of sodium
(crystallized); ten parts finely powdered quicklime and eleven parts starch. It should not be applied longer than from two to four minutes and
washed off. Another is made of a strong solution
of sulphurst of barium mixed to a paste with
starch, finely powdered. Apply immediately after
mixing and remove after five or ten minutes, according to the growth of hair.

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Astrological Calendar.

CELESTIAL CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1902.

October I-Wednesday. This month opens with a superior day which should be improved to its fullest extent in forwarding all the major enterprises of life. REGULUS advises his friends to initiate their great undertakings; buy goods for trade; open new places for business; deal with judges, counsellors, ecclesiastics, and traders in wool and woolen goods; use the day for financial negotiations and gaining business credit and reputation. In general, all parents born about the 29th of January, 29th of March or May or the 1st of October or last of November, of past years, have now improved prosperity and better condition of health.

prosperity and better condition of health.

2—Thursday. Improve every moment of the forenoon for dealings in metals, machinery and entiry, also
for the pursuit of the mechanical trades and inventions;
perform experiments in chemistry, study new methods
in all mechanical and electrical work; deal with public
officials and manufacturing corporations or railways; as
the afternoon advances more baffling conditions prevail
and disappointments and disagreeable experiences are
induced; have no dealings with real estate men nor
trade in agricultural implements or products.

trade in agricultural implements or products.

3—Friday. Urge all commercial transactions during this day; prosecute mathematical and scientific studies; deal with the intellectual classes, booksellers, publishers, printers, lawyers, press-writers and attend to matters of account. In the afternoon do not expect success in money negotiations nor be careless or extravagant in handling or dispensing thy wordly goods.

4—Saturday. Give preference to the forenoon for thy most important moves, particularly if same are concerned with literary labors of any class of mental work; the latter half of the day induces quarrels and disagreements and suggests patience and self-control; do not have any surgical operations performed on this day and be very careful in handling sharp instruments, fire-arms, explosives, and inflammable materials; heart troubles are aggravated at this time.

5—Sunday. The mind will be inclined towards the

are aggravated at this time.

5—Sunday. The mind will be inclined towards the elegant in literature and the imagination will be active; pulpit efforts will abound in flower of speech and be effective in religious matters.

6—Monday. Begin the day early and give thy best energies to business; buy goods for trade and deal with judges, ecclesiastics, and persons of means and prominence; seek money accommodations, make collections, adjust accounts, prosecute mathematical studies; do important correspondence, travel, and make all kinds of contracts; commercial men are especially favored.

7—Tuesday. Push general business vigorously during this day, giving extra efforts to such business as pertains to manufacture or construction; travel, trade in cattle, and deal with chemists, physicians, military men and all who work with fire, machinery or sharp tools.

in cattle, and deal with chemists, physicians, military men and all who work with fire, machinery or sharp tools.

8- Wednesday. Baffling circumstances attend the prosecution of business relating to fancy and ornamental goods, musical merchandise and also the pursuits of the fine arts; make no matrimonial engagement in the forenoon, nor expect much progress in such undertakings already in hand; the afternoon is quite favorable for all classes of literary work-particularly prose and not poetry; do commercial correspondence and contract making.

9-Thursday. Give no cause for offence to thine employer or superior in office; the day is quite a treacherous one; sign no deeds nor transact business pertaining to houses or lands or any kind of mining enterprises; not make purchases of any of the agricultural productions—lumber, wool, coal, petroleum, lead, or copper.

10-Friday. This day is generally propitious for urging all the honorable pursuits without special encouragement to any particular class of engagements.

11-Maturday. Though the last day of the week, let none of the moments of the day be wasted but pursue thine avocations vigorously for thine exertions for pecuniary advantages in all honorable undertakings will meet with more than ordinary success; buy goods for trade, especially of an elegant, artistic or decorative nature; seek money accommodations; ask for credit; open new stores; deal with banks and other monied institutions; make collections; attend to architectural work; buy clothing and decorative apparel and urge the fine arts.

12-Sunday. A favorable Sabbath day; peculiar and original religious ideas and doctrines engage the mind and pulpit discourse will be striking rather than commonplace.

13-Monday. Urge business of all kinds during the first part of the day, preference being given to such as

monplace.

13-Monday. Urge business of all kinds during the first part of the day, preference being given to such as depends upon mental labors; it is especially favorable

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PERSONAL.

WANTED—Information of Lizzie and Katie Fox, who in 1886 lived in Lawrence St., New York City, with their parents, Thomas Fox and his wife, Julia. If living, their present address, and if dead, the time and place of their deaths Cesired. Address. Cesired. Address. Augusta, Maine.

for literary matters and for the prosecution of the mathe-matical and scientific studies; let all classes of contracts affecting legal matters and all important movements for intellectual improvement and educational interests be now made. Merchants and tradesmen are particularly favored. The afternoon is less to be depended upon, be-ing peculiarly unfortunate for any kind of real estate transactions.

14—Tuesday. Do not use this time for any transaction pertaining to patents, trademarks, copyrights, or any business connected with corporations, nor deal in any article depending for its value upon protected rights of investors; use the afternoon for engagements with builders, contractors, miners. ith builders, contractors, miners, farmers and dealers

15—Wednesday. Employ this day for forwarding all the general affairs of life, though do not use the time for inaugurating any new or very important enterprises, as conditions do not promise well for successful results.

results.

16—Thursday. It will be better to defer important engagements relating to the elegant pursuits and fine arts until after the noon hour, but let affairs pertaining to scientific or political matters be urged vigorously during the middle hours of the day when also deal with officials and employees of railways, steamships and corporations; have no dealings with very aged persons in the evening nor expect any favor from persons in authority.

17-Friday. Total Eclipse of the Moon just after midnight, visible in the United States. Use the early forenoon for pressing engagements with persons in the manufacturing and mechanical enterprises and for dealings with engineers, surgeons, electricians, military men, cutters, and iron and brass workers; the latter hours of the forenoon are unfavorable for successful mental labor or dealings pertaining to books, writings, contracts or agreements of any kind; nor should any application be made during the middle hours of the day to public officials for favor or advantage.

public officials for favor or advantage.

18—Saturday. Be watchful of the purse during the first half of this day, nor permit desires for personal gratification to induce an extravagant expenditure of means; do not purchase goods for trade nor be careless in exposing valuables where they could be easily stolen.

19—Sunday. The morning is the best part of the day though the day generally contributes to aggressive and inharmonious discourse and is promotive of excitement and controversy; fires are to be particularly guarded against.

guarded against.

20—Monday. The very early and late hours of the day are the best. Use the morning for urging collections and otherwise attending to money matters; make no written application for any favor during the forenoon, but give thy best efforts to the afternoon especially for any of the elegant pursuits, artistic work, or musical or dramatical affairs; make no matrimonial engagements in the evening.

the evening.

21—Tuesday. This is one of the excellent days of the month and REGULUS urges his friends to fully improve every moment of the time for inaugurating important matters of the passing life. Let special preference be given to such business as pertains to commerce in connection with manufacturing and mechanical enterprises, important literary and scientific work, and mathematical and educational undertakings; have dealings with those engaged in such matters; perform chemical and electrical experiments; have dentistry attended to; consult thy lawyer and begin litigation if it must be resorted to.

22—Wednesday. Let this day be improved for all general affairs and engagements of a minor character and importance, especially to those pertaining to the elegant, artistic, and decorative in life; but steps of much magnitude are best postponed until the 25th instant.

23—Thursday. An evil day. Fraud and deceit are among the principal characteristics of the passing time; beware of treachery; avoid beginning journeys; sign no deeds of writings nor have any transactions of importance in the law; avoid dealings in real estate and with elderly persons; beware of giving credit in thy business. Persons engaged in the literary pursuits, as a rule, are not prosperous at this time. Persons born about the 14th of January, 15th of April, 20th of July, or 23rd of October, of past years, will need to exercise great circumspection in all their affairs for nearly a year to come; tendencies towards perplexities and troubles in business, pecuniary losses, physical and mental depression, and family misfortunes are some of the accompanying evils peculiar to the near prevailing influences in such lives. Nervous disorders are likely to many of the gentler sex so born.

24—Friday. The mischievous conditions of vester.

so born.

24—Friday. The mischievous conditions of yesterday reach well into the forenoon of this day and caution is extended for this time. Money losses are to be looked out for during the forenoon, in which no investment of means should be made for profit nor should monied collections or accommodations be sought. The afternoon initiates some of the choicer conditions and should be vigorously employed in forwarding all enterprises of moment. Particular efforts should be given to all manufacturing enterprises, especially in the nature of weaving and constructing the fine classes of goods; consult the tailor, milliner, dressmaker and dentist and purchase mathematical, philosophical and scientific wares.

25—Saturday. Another of the favorable days of the

25—Saturday. Another of the favorable days of the month. Those in the artistic professions and all in mechanical trades and dealings and those in the literary walks should launch their major enterprises on this day.

mechanical trades and dealings and those in the literary walks should launch their major enterprises on this day.

26—Sunday. The morning is very excitable and patience and moderation are admonished; the balance of the day abounds in benevolence and conduces in a marked degree enjoyment of religious and moral education and intellectual improvement.

27—Monday. The middle hours of the day favor dealings in houses and lands, real estate improvements and house furnishing and letting; the morning and evening are less favorable for any transaction.

28—Tuesday. The noon hours are the poorest of the day, but as the atternoon is entered upon let every energy be given in thy business and labor; urge all honorable pursuits to the utmost; deal with bankers and persons of wealth, judges and lawyers; seek money accommodations; buy goods for trade and adjust accounts.

29—Weducaday. Begin the day early; urge all correspondence and the literary pursuits to the utmost; engage help, travel, and deal with teachers, mathematicians, lawyers and judges; attend to business with public officials and government authorities.

30—Thursday. Improve every moment of this day; giving preference to the fine arts and manufactures; the artist, musician, dramatist, and all engaged in the artistic pursuits should waste no moments of this day in idleness or pleasure, for the passing time promises unusual advantages from works now begun or executed. The day favors courtship and invites the marriage contract.

31—Friday Partial Eclipse of the Sun. An indiffer-

tract.

31-Friday Partial Eclipse of the Sun. An indifferent day, not to be recommended for beginning any new work or undertaking of consequence; particularly should caution be exercised in all money matters lest losses come; and no promotion or advance from thine employers but confine thine efforts principally to routine matters.

Is Your Name Here?

RS." Probab about	I few names If your name bly in the boo	taken from me, or that o k, which als s here repre	"COMFOR! f your familio contains fi sented.	PS LIST by, is not aller para
ett	Allen Allinson	Andrews Anson	Armstrong Arnold	Atkins Atkinson
ns	Anderson	Appleyard	Asher	Ayer
y bridge	Bartley Barnett	Biddles Biggs	Booth Boothby	Brennan
win	Bassett Baxter	Billson Binns	Bostock Bostock	Briggs Briggs
r	Bauer Bayley	Birch	Bourke Bowen	Brookes Brown
	Baynes	Bishop	Bower	Browne
er_	Beard Beaumont	Blackburn	Bowles	Bruce
er	Beck Bedford	Blake Bland	Bowman	Burke
es.	Beckwith	Bliss	Boyd Boyle	Burns Burt
ett	Beers Bell	Bogan Bolton	Brady Bradbury	Burton
y V	Bennett Benton	Bond Bonner	Bradley Brannigan	Bush Butler
	Cartwright	Clark	Compton	
well	Carver Casey	Clarke Clement	Connell Conners	Coulson Cowper
TE	Cassidv	Clements	Conklin	Cox Coyle
obell	Castle Chadwick	Clifton Clinton	Conley Conlon	Crastock Cramp
er	Chambertain Chambers	Coates Cochran	Connoily Connor	Craven
5	Chapman	Cockroft	Conrov	Crawford Crocker
ichael	Charlton Chase	Cohen Coffin	Constable Conway	Cross Cross
thers	Chester	Cole Coleman	Cooke	Crane
thers	Chew Christ	Coles	Cooper	Cutten Cummin
er.	Church	Collier Collins	Corbett Cormack	Cunning! Curtis
	Davitt	Dick on	Doughty	Drury
m	Dawes Dawson	Dickinson Dixon	Douglass Downing	Duggan Dunlap
nport	Day Dean	Dobson Dolan	Doyle Draper	Dunn Durand
,	Dent	Donnelly	Drew	Dwyer
	Eberbeck	Egan	Ellis Eogelhardt	Evans
ondson	Edmonds Edwards	Elliott	Erickson	Everett Everson
•	Faulkner	Fischer	Forbes	Foy
n uru	Fawcett Fenton	Fitzgerald Fitzputrick	Ford Forrest	Francis Franklin
ner ing	Fenwick Ferguson	Fleischmann Fleming	Forster Forsyth	Fraser Freeman
er	Fielding	Fletcher	Foster Fowler	French
11	Firth	Flint Flower	Fox	Fry Fuller
	Gibbon	Goddard	Grady	Greenfiel Greenhill
ner	Gibson Gilbert	Goode Goodwin	Graham Grant	Greenwoo
tt	Giles	Gordon Gorman	Gray Green	Grey Griffith
1	Glen	Gould	Greene	Griffithe
ett	Hardwick Harland	Herbert Hess	Holt Hood	Howe Howland
h	Hardy	Hicks	Hoolihan	Hubbell
	Harris Harris	Higgins Hill	Hooper Hopkins	Hudson Hughes
day	Harrison Harvey	Hoffmann	Horner Horton	Huil Humphre
lton	Hastings	Holden	Horsford	Hunt
mond ock	Hawkins Hayes	Holdsworth Hogan Holland	Horstman Howard	Hunter Hutchins
ing	Haynes Henderson	Holland Holmes	Howarth Howell	Hutton Hyde
m	Innes	Irby	Ireland	Irwin
8	Jefferies	Jennings	Jordan	Joyce
on s	Jefferson Jenkins	Johnson Jones	Joslin Joy	Judson
	Keegan	Kenny Kershaw	Kirby Kitching	Knowles
man	Kelly Kendall	Kieroan	Klein	Koch
	Kennedy Kent	Kilby King	Knapp Knight	Kraft
	Law	Leigh	Little	Lord
ister	Lawrence	Leslie Levy	Livesey	Lucas
	Lawton	Lewis	Lloyd Lockwood	Luke
ham ley	Leach	Leyden Libby	Lodge Logan	Lynch Lyon
ns	Lee	Lingard Maynard	Long McLaughlin	Lyons Milner
or ald	Mahoney Malone	McAuliff	McMahon	Milnes
enzie ie	Mann Manning	McCabe McCarty	McNamara McNeil	Mitchell Montgem
en en	Marshall	McCauley	Mead Medley	Moor Morgan
y	Marsden Marsh	McConnell McCormick	Mercer	Morris
ran e	Martin M. son	McDonald McEvoy	Mercdith Metcalfe	Muller
ire	Mathews Matthew	McGovern	Meyer Middleton	Murray
r	May	McKenna McKenna	Miller	Myers
E	Needham Nelson	Newman Newton	Nicholson Nixon	Norten Nutt
•		O'Hara	O'Neil	Owen
y es	Ogden O'Donnell	O'Keefe	O'Neil O'Neill Osborn	Owens Oxley
nell	O'Farrell Parker	Oliver Payne	Poole	Pratt
	Parry	Pearce Pearson	Pope Porter	Price
er	Parsons Paterson	Peck	Post	Prince
,	Patrick Patten	Perry Phillips	Potter Powell	Prior Pritchard
iffe	Randall	Reilly	Riley	Ross
ard	Rawson Read	Reynolds Rice	Roberts Robinson	Rowe Russell
den	Reed	Richards	Rogers	Ryan
r rrs	Schwertz Scott	Shea Shepard	Squire Stafford	Stoddard Strauss
TROB	Scully	Short	Staines	Strong
ford rd	Scarle Scarle	Simpson	Stanley Steel	Stuart Sullivan
lers	Seeman Seymour	Sinclair Smart	Stephens Stephenson	Sutcliffe Sutherlar
e113	Shannon	Smith	Stern	Sutton
ffer leld	Sharp Sharpe	Sprague Seer	Stevens Stewart	Swift Sykes
n.t	Teller Thecker	Thomson Thurston	Townsend Tracy	Tully

The above list is selected from thousands of The above list is selected from thousands of names arranged alphabetically in a little book entitled "COMFORT'S LIST OF HEIRS."
The names represent persons who have either been advertised for in a daily newspaper in the United States or Great Britain as heirs to money or property or in whose names there stands unclaimed estates in the British Court of Chancery.

Watson Watts Webb Weber Weldon Weiss Weller

Upson Viucent

FORTUNES ARE WAITING FOR PEOPLE TO CLAIM THEM.

tised for to claim money or property, and very large amounts are awaiting the claims of the persons advertised for, or their Next-of-Kin Heirs and Legal Representatives. As these advertisements is most cases appear but once or twice and in one or two papers only, they are never seen by the persons interested, who are in consequence entirely ignorant that they are entitled to any money or property. COMPORT has already on file thousands of these advertisements, and the names of persons so advertised for will be found in "COMPORT'S LIST OF HEIRS."

HOW TO GET A COPY OF THIS GUIDE TO FORTUNE.

We will send this valuable List of Heirs only to those who send us two six months' subscriptions to "COMFORT." That is to say, if you are a subscriber you can receive this booklet by sending ten cents to renew or extend your subscription and send us a new subscriber for six months for another ten cents in all sending us 20 cents. If you are not a subscriber then send us 10 cents for a trial subscription for six months and get another subscriber at the same rate, in all sending us 20 cents.

BE SURE TO FILL OUT AND SEND IN THESE BLANKS WITH 20 CENTS.

Name	County
Town	Stat
I also enclose 10c. for which please enter the following subscriptic FORT for six months paid in advance with the understanding that this st may be continued at 25c. a year.	on to CO ubscripti

NOTICE TO AGENTS

A Profitable Business

FOR MEN AND WOMEN WHO ARE

WORK. WILLING TO \$3.00 A DAY SURE.

DEAR READER:

If you are out of work, or are not satisfied with your present business and would like to make more money, it will be to your interest to read this notice. We do not offer you a chance to make a fortune without work, but we do offer you an opportunity to make money much faster than you can make it at any other kind of work. The country is flooded with circulars offering chances to make money at the rate of from twenty to fifty dollars a day; such offers are not business-like, and all agents who amount to anything are disgusted with such circulars, and most of them are thrown aside without being read. If you are looking for an opportunity to make twenty to fifty dollars a day, you might as well throw this notice aside also; but if you would like to engage in a good paying business, you will do well to read this notice through carefully. Then you can use your own judgment as to whether our offer is a reasonable one or not.

We guarantee that anyone who is willing to work can make from \$3 to \$5 a day at this business. We admit that \$3 to \$5 a day is not much of an inducement when compared to the statements made by some firms, who offer all the way from \$20 to \$50 a day for selling various articles. We do not make you such glowing promises, but what we do offer you has the advantage of being true. We might offer agents a sure chance of making from \$20 to \$50 a day, but the chances are that anyone who would believe such unreasonable nonsense would not know enough to earn his board at any kind of business. That is not the kind of agents we are in quest of; we want reliable agents with common sense, who are willing to work for good pay, and not those who are looking for an opportunity to make a fortune without work. We believe the only way to get such agents and keep them, is to furnish them with a good thing to sell, a real genuine bargain, and then to tell them the exact truth about the business. We have a large number of agents at work, and the business. We have a large number of agents at work, and we know for a certainty what working agents can make. We know that \$3 a day is the very lowest; most of our agents are averaging \$4 and \$5 a day, and often some of them make a good deal more than that. We have several agents who are clearing from \$7 to \$10 a day. But these are great workers operating in the best territory, and, of course, everyone cannot do as well, but it is easy for anyone to make, at the very least, \$3 a day above all expenses an any territory. We haven't a single working agent who is clearing, on an average, less than \$3 a day. Now, be sure that you understand us: We don't say that lazy, shiftless agents will make \$3 a day, for they can't do it at this or any other business, but what we do say is that agents who are willing to work, not too hard, but the same as they would expect to work at any other business, can easily clear \$3 a day above all expenses, in any territory, and if they have good territory to work in they can make anywhere from \$5 to \$7, and even \$10 a day. If you want a good chance to work and get good pay for it, you will find it to your interest to read this notice through carefully.

The articles which we have for you to sell are a line of forks, spoons, etc., made of a new metal called "Brazil Silver." We will describe this new line of goods the best we can, then you can judge for yourself whether we are offering you a good chance to make money or not.

BRAZIL SILVER.

Warranted for Twenty-five Years.

Brazil Silver is believed to be the very best metal in existence for the manufacture of forks and spoons; it has all the lustre and brilliancy of burnished coin silver, and is much harder and more durable, in fact, it is impossible to wear it out. It is absolutely indestructible. The goods made of this metal are the same all the way through, there being no plating to wear off they will remain as good as new for any length of time. For all practical purposes in the manufacture of table ware this Brazil Silver is superior to coin silver. It is as lustrous and as pure as coin silver, and being much harder it will wear even longer than silver; in fact it is absolutely impossible to wear it out. It will wear forever. As there is no plating to wear off, the out. It will wear forever. As there is no plating to wear off, the metal being the same all the way through, it stands to reason that you can't wear it out. Our confidence in the metal is so great that we guarantee it to wear twenty-five years. We give a guarantee signed by the company warranting the goods to wear and to give perfect satisfaction for twenty-five years. We are an old, strong and thoroughly established firm with ample capital to carry on our business and make our guaranty as good as the Bank of England. In selling these goods an agent can as the Bank of England. In selling these goods an agent can recommend them with the greatest of confidence, for they are just as represented, absolutely indestructible. And, furthermore, our guarantee warranting the goods to give satisfaction for twenty-five years, clears the agent from all responsibility in the matter; for if any article fails to give perfect satisfaction, no matter how long it has been in use, we hold ourselves ready no matter how long it has been in use, we hold ourselves ready to refund the money paid for the article. These goods are the same metal all the way through; they will never wear out. They always wear white and bright. We give a guarantee signed by the company, warranting every piece of Brazil Silver to wear twenty-five years. You can seil these goods to your best friends with perfect confidence, for every sale is as much a benefit to your customer as to yourself.

Working with goods that are warranted to wear and give satisfaction for so long a time as twenty-five years, and by a Company, too, whose capital is sufficiently large to make their guarantee good for almost any amount, is an advantage which no other firm is prepared to offer. If you want to make money fast now is the time to do it. If you think that fivedollar bills are good things to have, now is the time to get them. Never in he history of the agency business have agents had as good a chance to make money rapidly, and it is reasonably sure that they will never have another chance like it. no matter how long it has been in use, we hold ourselves ready

It is easy to make from \$3 to \$5 a day at this business.

All Marked with Initial Letters, Without any Extra Cost.

Among all classes there has always been a strong desire to have their table ware marked with their initial letter, but on ac-count of the heavy expense of having it marked only a very few have been able to afford it. Heretofore the cost of artistically marking table ware has been even greater than the cost of the marking table ware has been applied to offer these goods; now, by our new methods, we are able to offer these elegant Brazil Silver goods, all marked with any initial letter desired in the very highest style of the art, without any extra cost for marking. These Brazil Silver goods, even if unmarked, would be the greatest bargain ever offered the public in table ware, but with the additional and highly desirable feature of being all marked with beautiful and artistic initial letters, these goods are not only great bargains in table ware, but are the greatest bargains of any kind that have ever been offered to the public through agents or in any other way.

The people are always ready enough to buy what they want when it is presented to them in the form of a genuine bargain. Well, here is absolutely the greatest bargain every offered, and the agent who works with it will find that what he has is earnestly desired at nearly every house he visits; it is easy to get orders when you can offer great bargains, that the people really want and can afford.

It is easy to make from \$3 to \$5 a day at this business.

Table and Dessert Knives.

Our knives are made of the finest tempered cutlery steel and are triple plate, in other words every dozen knives is plated with 12 dwt. of pure silver and hand burnished. Our knives are of the highest grade, fully equal to Rogers' or any knives made. These knives will not wear as long as Brazil Silver goods, but they will wear as long as any knives made. We guarantee them to wear ten years in constant use. If not in constant use they will wear proportionately longer. We give a guarantee, signed by the Company, warranting the knives to wear and to give perfect satisfaction to the purchaser for ten years. As knives are usually used in families they will wear much longer, anywhere from fifteen to twenty years. They are fully equal to Rogers' knives and only cost about two-thirds as much. It may seem strange to some that we can sell so staple an article as silver plated knives at such reduced prices, but we are doing it. It is our way of giving the public good, solid value for their money. We are saving our customers about one-third of the price at which the same grade of knives are sold at the stores and jewelers. Any one who will take the trouble to compare our knives and prices with triple plate 12 dwt. knives sold at the stores and jewelers, will be convinced of the truth of our statements. We are making a profit, of course, but our unequal facilities and immense trade make it possible for us to undersell all competitors, and our customers are getting the benefit of the lowest prices known in the silverware trade. We are not only selling at greatly reduced prices, but we also guarantee every article to be exactly as represented and to give perfect satisfaction to the purchaser, or money refunded.

The First Thing to Do. 12 dwt. of pure silver and hand burnished. Our knives are of the

The First Thing to Do.

If you decide to accept the agency, the first thing to do is to send to us for the agent's case of samples, which is the most complete and perfect case of samples that has ever been pre-pared for the convenience of agents. Our complete and perfect case of samples is not to be compared with anything that has ever been sent to agents before. It contains the very best and most salable articles in the world. There is nothing in the market that agents can sell as fast and sell as easily and make as much money out of, as they can the goods contained in this as much money out of, as they can the goods contained in this splendid case of samples, and everything is arranged and explained so that any agent can't fail to understand just how to go to work to make a great success of the business. As soon as you receive the case of samples you are ready for business. And if you are willing to work you are just as sure to make from \$3 to \$5 a day as the sun is to rise. Take the case of samples and canvass your territory according to the directions sent with the samples, until you have taken orders for the amount of goods you are prepared to send for. Then order the goods from us and fill your orders, and so continue.

The Magnificent Case of Samples Which We Furnish to Agents.

of six One Sample Dessert Knife, retail price, \$1.95 per set of six One Sample Table Fork, retail price, \$1.95 per set of six One Sample Table Spoon, retail price, \$1.95 per set of six
One Sample Dessert Fork, retail price, \$1.80 per
set of six
One Sample Dessert Spoon, retail price, \$1.80 per
set of six
One Sample Tea Spoon, retail price, \$5 cents per
set of six
One Sugar Shell
One Butter Knife
One Sait or Pepper Shaker
Total retail value of Samples
We dessert descriptions of samples 32 1-2 cents each cents each cents each 15 5-6 cents each 25 cents each

Wholesale Prices.

Wholesale or agents' prices and all necessary information for carrying on the business will be furnished with the Outfit. Remember we make everything plain to you about wholesale prices, methods, etc., when we send you the Outfit.

VERY IMPORTANT.

The business we are offering is straightforward and honest in everyway, shape and manner. Our goods are in every respect, just as we represent them to be. The Outfit we furnish our agents is exactly as we represent it, and is always sent the same day the order is received, just as agreed. We have tried to state these facts so they could and would be believed and still we are constantly receiving letters from parties who would like to engage in the business and would do so if they felt sure we were telling the truth and would do as we agree Many of these doubters have been cheated and are not altogether to blame for doubting; the most of them say they think we are honest, they say we talk honest, but as they have al-ready been swindled they don't feel like risking even one dollar

and so, although our business is in every respect just as represented, and we always do just as we promise, we lose the services of a great many agents and they lose the benefit they might derive from the business because they are afraid we may not be telling the truth. Now, to overcome this spirit of doubt, we have decided to send Samples to all who wish us to do so C. O. D., with privilege of examination at the express office. It costs us from twenty-five to forty cents more to send the samples this way, as we have to pay that amount for return charges on the money, but we are willing to do it and so prove to all that are interested that the Outfit and our goods are just what

we claim. If after reading this notice you think you would like to give the business a trial but wish to see the Sample Case be-fore you pay the one dollar cut out the following printed form, fill it out and send it to us and we will send the Outfit to your express office prepaid, and give the express agent instrucyour express office prepaid, and give the express agent instructions to let you thoroughly examine the Outfit, then, if you are satisfied that we have told the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, and are also satisfied that you can make money selling our goods, you can pay the express agent one dollar and take the Outfit. If you are not satisfied, you can refuse to take it and the agent will return it to us. No other firm has ever made such an offer. We have adopted this plan in order to convince the most skeptical and to secure the services of all the good working agents in the United States.

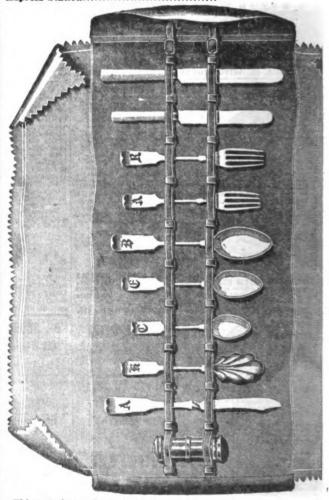
(CUT OUT THE FOLLOWING FORM.) Form to be Signed by those who wish us to send the Outfit C. O. D.

with Privilege of Examination. ROYAL MANUFACTURING CO., DETROIT, MICH .:

GENTLEMEN—Send the Outfit by Express, C. O. D., with privilege of examination. If I find the Outfit just as you say, I will pay the one dollar required and give the business I will pay the a fair trial, but if I am not satisfied that the Outfit is as good as you recommend it to be, I shall refuse to receive it. Now, reas you recommend it to be, I shall refuse to receive it. Now, remember, the understanding is that I am not to take the Outfit unless I, myself, am satisfied that it is all right. It must all depend on my own judgment. If I am satisfied, I will take the Outfit; if I am not satisfied, I shall not take it and shall not pay the one dollar If you want to send the Outfit with this understanding, send it along C. O. D., with privilege of examination.

Name..... Postoffice..... County...... State.....

Express Station.....



This cut shows the Sample Case or Roll, and how the samples appear put up ready for business. The Roll is included finished waterproof canvas, and lined with soft flannel goods. appear put up ready for business. The Roll is made of highly finished waterproof canvas, and lined with soft fiannel goods. The samples are held in place by strong straps. The whole rolls up and fastens with a leather strap which is firmly fastened to the back of the Roll. This is the most practical arrangement for carrying the samples that could be thought of. When rolled up the Case is compact and easy to carry. When open the samples show to the best possible advantage, making a good impression at first sight. This Sample Roll gives a business-like appearance; it is substantial and handsome, and invariably gives the impression that there is something valuable inside. All are anxious to see what it is you are carrying around with such care. This is of importance as it secures attention and interest at the start. There is nothing like having your samples put up in a business-like shape; it gives a favorable impression from the start, which is half the battle. It is the same in all matters. A store that looks like business attracts customers; while, from a shanty store, you would not, as a rule, expect the best things. The fact is, in the agency business, as in every other business, you must have things fixed up just right if you expect to succeed. Our Brazil Silver Goods are the best that have ever been offered for the price, or anywhere near it. The new feature of being marked with beautiful and artistic initial letters, free of cost, is the greatest popular fit of the times; and the Sample Roll is arranged so as to show the goods off to the best possible advantage. Furthermore, we carefully teach every agent just how to take advantage of all these splendid qualities and popular features. Is it any wonder that our agents succeed better than those who are working for other firms?

We Prepay all Express Charges on Everything. We pay the charges on the Outfit and on all goods ordered. Remember, we

for other firms?
We Prepay all Express Charges on Everything. We pay the charges on the Outfit and on all goods ordered. Remember, we pay all express charges.

ROYAL MANUFACTURING CO., Box 3000. DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HAZEN S. PINGREB, flichigan's Famous Governor, says we are worthy of your confidence.

To Whom it May Congenn: In answer to all inquiries I have received concerning the standing of the Royal Manufacturing Company of Detroit, Mich., I have invariably replied that the Company is in every worthy of the confidence of all. In regard to its financial standing and the trustworthiness of the gentlemen connected with it the reading public may rely upon them implicitly.

HAZEN S. PINGREE.